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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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AMERICAN LABOUR OUT FOR NEW WAGE DEAL

STRIKE WAVE IN STATES

900,000 Railwaymen Reject Settlement Proposals In Dispute

ROOSEVELT PLAN FOR INDUSTRIAL PEACE

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.

Fourteen Unions of non-operating employees representing 900,000 workers in the railway industry have issued a joint statement rejecting the recommendations of President Roosevelt's Emergency Board for a settlement of the wage dispute.

The statement did not contain a direct threat of a strike, although non-operating employees authorised their leaders last September to call a strike and five big operating brotherhoods have already ordered a strike to begin on December 7.

HOLLYWOOD LABOUR LEADERS FINED

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.

George Browne and William Bioff, two United States labour leaders who were convicted a week ago of extorting 550,000 dollars, which is about 137,500 sterling, from four film companies as the price of peace in film industry, were sentenced on Wednesday to eight years' and ten years' imprisonment respectively.

The Federal Judge, in doing so, denounced the two men and declared that they must pay the "price of their sins"

Additionally, he fined the defendants 20,000 dollars, which is about 5,000 sterling, each.

The Judge John Knox told both men that right between the eyes upon the face of union labour, they had dealt a blow that will leave the scar for years to come.

Until his conviction Browne was President of the American Federation of Labour International Alliance of Theatrical Employees, while Bioff was his Hollywood representative.

Mr. William Green, President of the American Federation of Labour, commenting on the case said that the conviction ought to serve as a warning to "those who seek the use of labour movement for exploitation purposes."—Reuter.

Phone Operators To Strike

The strike picture in the United States was further darkened to-night with the announcement by the Federation of Long Lines Telephone Operators, an independent union, that a strike has been called for Friday, involving 15,000 workers handling long distance phone wires for 42 states.

Union demands a four per cent wage increase and the narrowing of geographic pay differentials.

350,000 Railway Men Threaten Strike

The heads of five railway operating brotherhoods have ordered their 350,000 members to strike on December 7 for a thirty per cent wage increase, says a message from Chicago (Illinois.)

Roosevelt Deal For Labour

NEW YORK:—The Washington correspondent of the "New York Times" says that it is learned in authoritative congressional quarters that President Roosevelt is considering submitting a plan for ending strikes if the House passes the Neutrality revisions.

It is understood the plan would guarantee the present wages in the defence industries and increases to meet high living costs in return for a pledge by Labour not to call strikes in the defence industries

"COOLING OFF" PERIOD

High Administration officials, it is authoritatively reported, are considering legislation requiring a "cooling off" period before workers would strike in the defence industries, but providing bonuses to employees based on the cost of living.

Besides four killed, six were injured in the Powder Factory explosion. Federal agents stated there is no sign of sabotage.—**Reuter.**

STAGE BEING SET FOR FAR EAST SHOW-DOWN

Japanese Quit Malay State

PEARL RIVER CLOSED FOR TRAFFIC

Tokio Envoy Confesses Mission To Washington Is Difficult One

SINGAPORE, Nov. 13.

ACCORDING TO THE JAPANESE-OWNED PAPER "SINGAPORE HERALD" ALL JAPANESE RESIDENTS IN KUANTAN HAVE BEEN ORDERED TO EVACUATE WITHIN TWO WEEKS. KUANTAN IS A PORT TOWN IN THE STATE OF PAHANG IN MALAYA.

PEARL RIVER CLOSED

HONGKONG:—Japanese military officials closed the Pearl River to civilian traffic yesterday, as extensive troops movements are reported to be in progress according to a Canton message to the "China Mail".

Reports from Macao state that the Macao-Canton River service has also been suspended.

Kurusu On His Mission

HONOLULU: Arriving in Honolulu, Mr. Kurusu told reporters that he was on a very important and difficult mission, the details of which must await his arrival in Washington. His mission was confined to Japanese-United States relations, he added.

His experience as Vice-Consul in Honolulu thirty years ago had convinced him that it was the common responsibility of the United States and Japan to maintain peace in the Pacific.

Told of Mr. Churchill's statement that if the United States were to find herself at war with Japan, Britain's declaration would follow within the hour, Mr. Kurusu laughed and said: "He might as well have said that he would have breakfast tomorrow morning."

Keep Burma Road Open

NEW YORK: Britain and the United States "must not permit the Burma Road to be closed even at the risk of war", declared Doctor Henry H. Meyer, Dean of Boston University, speaking in New York. As long as the Road is open neither Chungking nor the Chinese Republic can be conquered, declared Dr. Meyer who recently returned from a year in that country.

The United States Government should adopt a stern and uncompromising stand in the negotiations with Mr. Kurusu, Japan's special envoy to Washington, he asserted.

Naval Force For Far East

SINGAPORE: There is much speculation here regarding the nature of naval forces that would be sent to the Far East to cope with any emergency such as envisaged in the Premier's recent speech. While there are no official indications to go on beyond the assurance that the great naval base is more ready than ever to receive not only the British Navy, but the American as well, if it should seek hospitality, it is pointed out that Commander-in-Chief, China Station, Sir Geoffrey Layton, recently said that in any emergency the fleet air arm would be here without delay.

It is anticipated, therefore, that at least one, if not both of the newest aircraft carriers which the Premier revealed were ready for service would be assigned to this area. They would be most valuable adjuncts in a potential theatre of war where mobility and striking power even against the most powerful naval craft is essential in order to afford security to farflung outposts from Hongkong to New Zealand.

Call To Thailanders

BANGKOK: "If in fact America is shortly to supply Thailand with more Martin bombers, then so much the better for us and for the friendly relations between the two countries," states an official 'communique' issued at Bangkok to-day, commenting on foreign allegations that the Thai Consul-General in Batavia is negotiating with the United States authorities for American war material and supplies for Thailand.

The Thai radio to-day again broadcast an appeal that Thai civilians must know how to use firearms and be fully prepared for war.

LOOK OUT FOR QUISLINGS.

The Bangkok radio last night warned Thailanders to be on the watch for Fifth Columnists. The announcer added that Home Defence Forces would soon be organised.—Reuter.

NAZI LOSSES IN RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Confirmation of heavy losses sustained by the German forces in Russia has been received in authoritative quarters in London.

It is revealed here to-day that there is reason to believe that 16 out of 19 German armoured divisions have suffered appreciable casualties.

In the case of nine of these divisions the losses have been very considerable.

There is good evidence of the infliction of appreciable casualties on over 70 infantry divisions, including motorised light and mounted divisions.

In several cases the losses have been as high as 50 per cent and in a number of confirmed cases infantry regiments have been reduced to one-third of their proper strength.—Reuter.

Soviet Plane Overdue At Teheran

Absence Of News Causes Anxiety

LONDON, November 13.

There is some anxiety concerning the continued absence of news of the Soviet plane which left Kujbishev and is overdue at Teheran.

The passengers include M. Litvinov, the newly appointed Ambassador to the United States, Mr. Laurence Steinhardt, the United States' Ambassador to Russia, and Sir Walter Monckton, head of the Propaganda and Information Bureau at Cairo.

It is pointed out here that the weather conditions in the countries over which the plane had to pass are bad and the plane may have had a forced landing some out-of-the-way spot where communication facilities are lacking.—Reuter.

Textile Crisis In Ahmedabad

Wages Talks Deadlock: Labour Decision To Down Tools

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 13.

Seth Chamanlal G. Parekh, who was appointed by the Millowners' Association to negotiate a settlement with the Labour Association on the wages dispute, has addressed a letter to the Millowners' Association to-day intimating the final breakdown of the negotiations in view of the resolution passed by the Labour Association last night for a general strike.

He contradicts the statements made by the Labour Association that "any final understanding was reached or what remained was the affixing of the signatures of the parties and states that no "fresh hitches were brought up. They were only preparing the draft of proceedings that were going on between them and it was not finally settled. It was only in the preparatory stage.

He (Seth Parekh) was given to understand that both Mr. Desai, and Mr. Nanda, Secretaries of the Labour Association, were to go to Wardha yesterday night and that further negotiations would be started on their return from there. Yesterday, however, late at night a copy of the resolution of the Textile Labour Association was delivered to him and he was told that the negotiations had broken down and were at an end.

The Millowners' Association might now take such steps as they thought proper and necessary. —A. P

Ban On Weapons Extended

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 13.

The District Magistrate has extended for a further period of one month the order prohibiting the carrying of weapons within the city. The order has been in force since the communal riots broke out in April last.—A. P.

Stay-in-Strike In Jhansi

JHANSI, Nov. 13.

Workers of local G. I. P. Railway Workshop resorted to a stay-in-strike yesterday as a protest against the refusal of the railway authorities to concede their demands, namely, increase in wages, payment for overtime working hours, no increase in weekly working hours, privilege leave and non-victimisation of strikers.—A. P.

Roosevelt Speaks Out

Failure To Repeal Neutrality Act Restrictions Will Bolster Up Aggressor Powers

WASHINGTON, November 13.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SAID ON THURSDAY THAT THE FAILURE OF CONGRESS TO REPEAL THE NEUTRALITY ACT RESTRICTIONS WOULD BOLSTER THE AGGRESSIVE STEPS AND INTENTIONS OF GERMANY AND OTHER AGGRESSOR NATIONS AND WOULD DEFINITELY BE DISCOURAGING TO THE BRITISH EMPIRE, CHINA AND RUSSIA.—Reuter.

NO EXPEDITIONARY FORCE FOR AFRICA

General Marshall, Chief of Staff of the United States Army, in a formal statement to-day said: "There is no foundation whatsoever for the allegation or rumour that we are preparing troops for a possible expedition to Africa or other critical area outside this hemisphere."

Army For Overseas?

An earlier cable stated:—

Following the reports that the War Department was asking men on manoeuvres with armoured divisions in Carolina whether they would be willing to serve overseas, the War Department admits that selected men and National Guard enlisted men are being asked this question.

It is being asked in connection with a drive for three years regular army enlistments.

For several months the Department has sought recruits among guardsmen and selected men for the regular army, but to-day's disclosure was the first that part of army policy appeared to be to build up an army of men free from restrictions for overseas service.

Selectees and guardsmen as such may not be ordered for duty outside the Western Hemisphere under the American Flag, but such men enlisting in the regular army are not bound by this restriction

JAPANESE CABINET TAKES STOCK

TOKYO, November 13.

The Japanese Cabinet met today at the official residence of General Tojo, the Prime Minister. Among the subjects discussed were the speeches to be delivered by the Prime Minister, Foreign Minister and the Finance Minister at an extraordinary session of the Diet to be held on Saturday.—Reuter.

Limitations Of Non-Violence

"C. R." ON VALUE OF PERSUASION

Advice To Students To Cultivate Faculty Of Reasoning

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 13

For the first time since his release, Mr. Rajagopalachari broke his silence on political questions, while addressing the University students to-night. Mr. Rajagopalachari was very guarded in his speech but his pointed reference to the Foona offer of Congress to Government was very significant. He deplored its rejection by British Government and said if any other country had made such an offer, Mr. Churchill would have forthwith cabled "Finish the bargain", but in the case of India, Mr. Rajagopalachari said, "there is the prick of conscience" and British Government had grave doubts about India's co-operation in war efforts. They therefore did not accept the bargain but preferred the process of exploitation without bargain.

Proceeding Mr. Rajagopalachari said: "Ultimately, non-violent method ends in persuasion. Non-violent fight does not physically or automatically bring about change but persuasion does it."

Rajaji then exhorted students to cultivate the faculty of reasoning and not to rely on intuition or instinct. Intuition or instinct, he said, are all right for specially gifted men. He advised them not to act on faith in matters amenable to the process of reasoning. "In matters physical, where we have to deal with men and things," Rajaji concluded, "correct reasoning is essential."

FIRST STEP TO END DEADLOCK

Indian Members' Anxiety For Release Of Politicals

(From Our Own Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

Anxious comment was heard today in the lobbies on the position arising from Gandhiji's statement. It was revealed yesterday according to lobby talk that as certain Provincial Governors had raised difficulties in regard to release certain classes of prisoners matter had gone up finally to Secretary of State

It is observed that Gandhiji's statement may have the effect of inducing the Secretary of State to support those who have been saying that the release of political prisoners, far from serving any useful purpose may create a new complication.

On the other hand the view strongly expressed is that the new members of the Viceroy's Council are fully aware of Gandhiji's views but they have been pressing the release of political prisoners as the right policy at the present juncture in order to produce a new atmosphere in the country for their proposed efforts to end the deadlock.

It is fully recognized that the release in itself cannot solve the political deadlock but the position taken up by Indian members appears to be that without the release of political prisoners no further step can possibly be taken for bringing the parties together or trying a new move for resolving the deadlock. There is no reason to fear that the new Indian members will give up their present stand for release of political prisoners but one good purpose which Gandhiji's statement has served is to impress upon the authorities that any distinction made between one class of political prisoners and others in ordering the release, will be wrong policy.

According to the lobby anticipations though new developments have arisen in the shape of difficulties raised by one or two Provincial Governors and the warning issued by Gandhiji that he would not call off the movement, Indian members of the Viceroy's Council will continue to press for the release of political prisoners as the right policy.

In the next two or three days, Government's attitude will take a clearer form as at present the matter is still under discussion.

DESERTION CHARGE AGAINST SINCLAIR LEWIS

Dorothy Thompson Sue American Author For Divorce

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.

The "Boston Globe" states that Dorothy Thompson, American journalist, has filed a suit for divorce against her husband Sinclair Lewis, author, on grounds of wilful desertion.

A message from Woodstock, Vermont says that the suit which has been filed there stated that Lewis deserted Dorothy Thompson in 1936 and that they were married in London in 1928.—Reuter.

(Sinclair Lewis secured

DOROTHY THOMPSON.

Noble prize for Literature in 1930)

EVERYTHING IS CONSCRIPTED EXCEPT VESTED INTERESTS, PROTESTS LABOURITE EX-MINISTER

LONDON, November 13.

When the debate on the war situation was resumed in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. James Griffiths, speaking on behalf of the Labour Party and the Labour movement generally, said "the enemy must realise that in the resolve to prosecute war to final victory, we are united and determined and that this nation will not be beaten". "To Hiter and his gang, I say that the attack on the Soviet Union has deepened and strengthened the resolve of our people".

Mr. Griffiths repudiated the suggestions that the Government was not doing all they could to help Russia and said "their record from the very beginning has proved that there has been nothing but a great desire to help Russia".

Mr. Hopkinson (Independent) after analysing the labour situation in the United States thought that as far as productive capacity was concerned, Britain might well proceed on the assumption that the enemy had greater production at present.

"SUPPLY RUSSIA WITH THIN RED LINE OF MEN."

Mr. Sexton (Labour) urged that in addition to helping Russia with equipment," it will be a very fine gesture if we also supply 'a thin red line' of men".

Mr. Nunn (Conservative) wanted a definite declaration by the British Government that further aggression by Japan would mean instant attack. In that case he thought "there would be no aggression at all."

Mr. Pritt (Labour) complaining of the continued presence of certain elements in the Government said "people who think as I do, are clearly and definitely in support of the Prime Minister so long as he leads his Government in fighting for a progressive cause side by side with the U.S.S.R."

Mr. Profumo (Conservative) urged the formation of a small Inner War Cabinet consisting of "the most brilliant men we could muster who will deal only in the major strategy of war."

The Labourite ex-Minister Mr. Shinwell one of the Government's keenest critics said that it was important to know whether the Defence of the Eastern Empire was Government's conception of a second front. If so, did that meet with the approval of the Russian Government? He asked why an offensive in Libya had been delayed

Misfits In Govt.

Complaining of lack of co-ordination in production, Mr. Shinwell declared "everything is conscripted except vested interests. Labour did not enter the Government for this." Mr. Shinwell added "everyone knows that there are misfits in the Government. The ballast keeps a ship steady but the trouble about this Government ship is that it is too steady—it never moves."

Sir Edward Campbell (Conservative) welcoming Mr Churchill's declaration regarding Japan said "The Japanese are like the Germans. They do not understand anything except straight talking and force. I trust neither the British nor the American Government will in future be willing to accept any apologies for misdeeds on the part of the Japanese. In my opinion they are not worth the paper they are written on."

ALEXANDER'S REPLY.

The first Lord of the Admiralty Mr. A. V. Alexander replying to the debate contended that the general trend of the speeches had shown that the House continued to place a very large measure of confidence in the Government and its administration.

He continued: "Under the leadership of the Prime Minister and some routine work by the men he had chosen as instruments we have come safely through the immense difficulties and dangers of the most critical 18 months in the whole history of the British Commonwealth. The Government is entitled to at least two things: firstly, to a vote of confidence on the work they have undoubtedly accomplished and secondly, to have from every member of ths House who honestly supports our war effort not merely criticism but constructive proposals."

"SELF-APPOINTED CRITIC"

Mr. Alexander had already criticised Mr. Shinwell for adopting "the glittering role of a self-appointed critic" instead of working in self-imposed discipline and silence if the need oe with a team of colleagues and here referred to the letter Mr. Shinwell had sent to Mr. Churchill, to the Prime Minister's reply telling Mr. Shinwell that Mr. Alexander would see him any time he liked and to a memorandum which he (Mr. Alexander) had prepared at Mr. Churchill's request.

Figures showed Mr. Alexander continued, that the convoy system had been the best that could be adopted and "I am satisfied that the figures in regard to the shipping losses in convoy in relation to the total task of the convoy at sea, have been justified—remembering first that the high figures in the earlier part of the war were vitiated by very heavy air attacks in Greece and Crete and not in the ordinary convoy system at all; and that ever since January, importing into this country has not been decreasing but steadily and continually improving."

The debate was adjourned and the House rose.—Reuter.

Govt. Reaction To Gandhiji's Statement

Release Of Politicals Only To Create Better Atmosphere?

NEW DELHI, November 13.

A re-examination of Government's policy in relation to political prisoners is believed to have been induced by Mahatma Gandhi's statement published today. Should this re-examination reveal the need for a change, any new policy will be formulated after reference to the Secretary of State and will no doubt be indicated by the official spokesman in the course of the forthcoming debate in the Assembly on Mr. Joshi's resolution on Monday next.

But observers here forsee no material change in the main lines of policy contemplated in dealing with this problem.

The opinion is confidently expressed in informed quarters that any decision to release political prisoners should be taken not in deference to the likes or dislikes of individuals or political parties but as a gesture and an earnest of the desire to create a better atmosphere in the country in which a settlement of the larger problems may be fruitfully attempted.—A. P.

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Wanted An Independent Orphan bride of any caste with property to marry a fair looking bachelor well settled in life. Apply Box No. 15328, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

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Wanted— A Glass Blower with practical experience in making glass ampoules of various capacity. Salary according to qualifications. Apply stating experience and salary required to:—The Ehrlich Laboratory, Royapettah, Madras. (15346)

Journalists, Cartoonists, Agents, Publishers (no remuneration), Patrons, wanted for labour journal starting. Box No. 15321, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Candidates for Station Master course. Free training, lodging. Scholarship Rs. 30/- and Rail fare terms. Apply with stamp to:—The Superintendent, Railway Training School (Oldest and Best) Ambala City. (15280)

Wanted a Persian teacher to coach a boy in Std. IV in Matunga. Gujrati preferred. Apply stating salary expected to Box No. 15329, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a graduate teacher for Arabic-English for a High School in Bombay. Apply with qualifications and lowest salary expected to Box No. 15338, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Health Officer for Bhavnagar City Municipality, (1) Grade of the post Rs. 50 to 75 with Rs. 7 cycle allowance, (2) No private practice is allowed, (3) The candidate must be an L.C.P.S. or of a higher qualification, with experience of Municipal Sanitation, (4) Candidate with experience in Malaria control will be preferred, (5) Applications must reach the President City Municipality Bhavnagar before 20th November, 1941, stating age, caste, native place, qualifications, experience, date of passing the examination, with copies of testimonials. (6459)

Wanted an Expert Salesman and Organiser for Life Insurance as Manager or Asstt. Manager for an established Insurance Company transacting Life, Fire, Motor and Accident Insurance business as a Tariff Office (Member of the Calcutta Insurance Association and of the Bombay Fire and Accident Insurance Associations). The applicant must have experience of such work, be an administrator of amiable disposition, able to impress and to influence and to procure solid-sound business with like organisation. Salary according to qualifications from Rs. 300 to Rs. 750/- P.M., P. F. Benefits. Apply stating full particulars as to experience, remuneration earned and expected, age, nationality, etc., to the Managing Director, Free India General Insurance Co. Ltd., 15|141, Civil Lines, Cawnpore (6500)

Public Notices

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G. I. P. RLY.—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap white metal No. 4 available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted Closing date 28-11-1941 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). (6460)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES (PURCHASE BRANCH). Shahibag House Ballard Estate Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER of Supplies (Purchase Branch), Department of Supply, invites tenders for the supply of Rylock or similar fencing.

Tender form No. MP|8G|3744 may be obtained from him on payment of Rs. 2/- per set (not refundable). Tenders will be due for submission and open, at 4 p.m. on 25th and 26th November, 1941 respectively. (6517)

THE RAGHUVANSHI MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWELFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 11-12, Haines Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 29th November, 1941, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 1941.
2. To confirm the appointments of Sheth Ravindra Maganlal and Sheth Surendra Maganlal as Directors of the Company.
3. To appoint two Directors in the place of Sheth Harjivan Purshotam and Sheth Babulal Chunilal who retire by rotation, but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the Current Year and to fix his or their remuneration.
5. To transact any such business as may be placed before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from MONDAY, the 24th November, 1941, to MONDAY, the 8th December, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
RAVINDRA MAGANLAL & BROS. Agents.
Bombay, 31st October, 1941. (6519)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced Catholic lady teacher, matriculate, for a primary school in the Bombay Suburban District, State minimum salary required Box No. 15336, "Bombay Chronicle."

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Apply to-day for immediate loan on your Personal Bond, Mortgages and Ornaments at six annas interest! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, 203, Hornby Road; 57 Abdul Rehman Street, and Charni Road Tram Junction. (15284)

635. RACING TIPSTERS.

Follow-Me's master-selection of 3 "Winners" 5 "Places" out of 9 events given on last Saturday. "Certainty Card". Rs. 5/- See Follow-Me, Nawab Building, Hornby Road, opp. Thos. Cook Phone 34151. (15351)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

"Vasthu Sastra" tells much about Hidden treasures in your house Consult with stamps: Prof. Pakala, P. B. 309, Madras. (15345)

FORECAST

Earn Rs. 126/- with guarantee with a nominal investment of Rs. 12 within any six days. See M. Sorabji, Nawab Building, 327, Hornby Road, Oppo. Thos. Cook. (15324)

Public Notices

NOTICE

CIVILIAN MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS are required for service in Local Military Hospitals in India. Candidates must possess medical qualifications registrable by the Medical Council of India and should be above 40 years of age or medically unfit for general service as Emergency Commissioned Officers of the I.M.S. Those selected will be attached to Military Hospitals in the capacity of Civil Doctors and will not be provided with uniform, nor with quarters nor will they be given Military Rank.

The rates of pay will be as follows:—

(a) For local service in one Military Station only Rs. 250/- (Consolidated)
(b) For service within the confines of one Military District Rs. 350/- (Consolidated)

The services of these Doctors will be subject to termination by one month's notice on either side. Detailed particulars can be obtained from Provincial Administrative Medical Officers or the Director General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi. (6491)

THE BHARAT SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

Re: 5 Original Shares Nos. 4280 to 4284 of the face value of Rs. 250/- each, on which Rs. 150/- had been paid up, subsequently converted into 15 shares Nos. 59266 to 59280 of the face value of Rs. 50/- fully paid up, standing in the name of Shantilal Sakarchand

And

Re: 5 Original Shares Nos. 5380 to 5384 of the face value of Rs. 250/- each, on which Rs. 150/- had been paid up, subsequently converted into 15 shares Nos. 63179 to 63193 of the face value of Rs. 50/- fully paid up, standing in the name of Vishwanath Aditram Mehta.

To All to whom it may Concern:

NOTICE IS GIVEN that the above shares have by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company passed on the 8th day of November, 1941, been forfeited.

Dated this 12th day of November, 1941.

For The Bharat Spg. & Wvg. Co. Ltd.,
PURSHOTAM GOVINDJEE & CO. Managing Agents. (6521)

THE BRITISH INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

Shares Certificates Nos. 42692|741, 42888 and 50104|153

LOST OR MISLAID.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Shares Certificates numbered 42692|741, 42888, 50104|153 of THE BRITISH INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED standing in the name of late Mr. Mahomed Kader Shaikh M.B.E., B.A., LL.B., have been LOST or MISLAID and the undersigned, being the legal heir of the Deceased has applied to the Company to transfer the said shares to his name and issue duplicate Certificate for the above shares. Any person or persons having any claim on the said shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Offices, "Mehta House", Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, after which no claim will be considered and the Company will proceed to issue duplicate Share Certificate.

ABDUL KADER MAHOMED SHAIKH.
Dated the 13th November, 1941.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. JAICHAND WALJI has contracted to sell to our clients free from all incumbrances the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of mortgage, charge, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise is or are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date of this Notice, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon situate, lying and being at Kazi Syed Street, outside the Fort of Bombay in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and ninety one square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 693, New No. 640, Old Survey No. 484 and New Survey No. 2767 and Cadastral Survey No. 867 of Mandvi Division and in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rate and Taxes, under 'B' Ward Nos. 1379-80, Old Street Nos. 188-190-190A and New Street No. 44 and which premises are bounded, on or towards the East by the said Kazi Syed Street, on or towards the West by a Sweepers' Passage on or towards the North by the house of Dada Miya Anduna and on or towards the South by the house of Tejpal Khatau.

Dated this 13th day of November, 1941.

MANUBHAI & CO., Purchasers' Attorneys. 6518.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Share Certificate No. 19416 embodying 500 shares (Nos. 136726-137225) standing in the name of Ramji Bhojraj & Co., of the Indian Co-operative Navigation & Trading Co., Ltd., has been LOST. If anybody is in possession will kindly return the same to the undersigned within 15 days from this date or else the application for duplicate copy will be made

RAMJI BHOJRAJ & CO.,
C/o Meghji Vijpal.
Dana Bunder,
Bombay.
15350.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of all or any of the following articles for one year from 1-3-1942 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner on 26-11-41 not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.).

Gram about 15,10,488 lbs., Bran about 2,06,388 lbs., Barley about 30,240 lbs. Rice about 6,804 lbs., Oil cakes about 15,120 lbs. and Salt about 11,340 lbs.

The Municipal Commissioner reserves to himself the right of accepting any Tender wholly or splitting it up amongst two or more Tenderers.

Tenders should be enclosed in a SEALED ENVELOPE which MUST BE ENDORSED "TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF GRAIN TO THE MUNICIPAL cattle", addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Forms of Tender specifications, etc. will be issued to any one on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned from whom further information if required can be obtained.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner
D. A. CONTRACTOR,
Assistant Health Officer,
For Executive Health Officer
Public Health Deptt.,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 6-11-1941. (6498)

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO INVEST IN A VERY SUBSTANTIAL IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "JETHABHAI BUILDING" SITUATE AT SOPARI BAUG ROAD, NEAR PAREL POIBAVDI.

Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Kothare & Co., Attorneys for Sheth Vallabhdas Kersondas Natha, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Messrs. Hariram Jethabhai & Others, under the power of Sale contained in Mortgage dated 24th March, 1938 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Valuable Immovable Property on Saturday, the 15th November, 1941 at 4 P. M. (S. T.) on the premises.

Leasehold land with the dwelling house situate at Sopari Baug Road and according to the Schedule to the Indenture of Assignment dated 22-3-1920 containing by admeasurement 7660 square yards or thereabouts and according to Cadastral Survey 7801 square yards or thereabouts and registered under New No. 2231 and New Survey No. 2605 and Cadastral Survey No. 98 of Parel and Sewri Division and assessed by the Municipality under F Ward Nos. 162 (1) and 164, 166, 163 (1), 163 (2), 163 (3), 163 (4), 163 (5), 163 (6) and 163 (7) and old Street Nos. 106, 110, 114, 116, 118, 112, 112A, 112B, 112C, 112D, 112E and 112F and New Street Nos. 103-132, 120B, 120C, 120D and 112F situate at Parel on the West side of a Public Road leading from Bombay to Mahim called the Sopari Baug Road and bounded on the East by the said Sopari Baug Road, on the West by the Silk Mill property, on the North by the property of Saino Talkie and the property of Khatri Abba Bahkhari and on the South by the property of Anandji Nanji.

For Further particulars and conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs Kothare & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office at No. 39, Medows House, Medows Street, Fort or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

SIMPLY AMAZED!

"The public are simply amazed with the stupendous grandeur of 'SIKANDAR' and its entertaining value can scarcely be estimated." —*WEEKLY SHOW.*

MINERVA'S AMAZING HISTORICAL

SIKANDAR

Director:— SOHRAB MODI

11th Week From To-morrow 11th Week

MINERVA

To-day—Shows Nos. 210, 211 & 212

Daily 3 Shows—4, 7 and 10 p.m. Sat., Sun., and Holidays 1-15 p.m Matinee Extra

(An Evergreen Release).

Why do WEALTH and VICE and INHUMANITY go Together?

'SUNRISE' Pictures' ANAND Release.

Gharki Laj

Shows You Why MONEY MAKES MAN A SATAN!

4th Stirring WEEK 4

Daily at 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

IMPERIAL

Sat., Sun. Matinees: 1-30 p.m

EXCELSIOR

4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

A. E. W. MASON'S Best Seller becomes a thrilling screen drama

AT THE VILLA ROSE
AT THE VILLA ROSE

with KENETH KENT

and an all-star cast

—ALSO—

ACTUAL SCENES CAPTURED FROM GERMANS SHOWING NAZI HORRORS IN RUSSIA

4th WEEK

Showing Pulling Power of PRAKASH'S

DARSHAN

Cast Include: PREM ADIB, JYOTI, B. ADVANI

LAMINGTON TALKIES

To-night 4, 7, 10 P.M.

AN EVERGREEN RELEASE!

Roxy

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

Sat., Sun., Hol. 12-30 noon

BOMBAY TALKIES'

Anjān

The Film that Scatters Delight!

Father Kruschen PUTS BOMBAY MAN ON HIS FEET AGAIN

"It's never too late to mend," says Father Kruschen. Consider this case for a moment. Here is a Bombay man aged 65 in the grip of rheumatism. So bad, he could not walk — was driven to bed. He saw a Father Kruschen advertisement *and this is what he writes:*

"I was in bed six weeks with terrible rheumatism. I saw a Father Kruschen advertisement and started taking Kruschen Salts. Now I am once again on my feet. I take Kruschen every morning and shall continue so to do."—Paghdiwalla, Bombay.

Tasteless in Tea

The secret of Kruschen's removal of every trace of bodily aches and pains is perfectly simple. The pain of rheumatism comes from myriads of needlesharp uric acid crystals. Poisons in the blood form these crystals. And the poisons are caused by congestion in the bowels, liver and kidneys. Kruschen clears and invigorates all three organs. The aperient elements in Kruschen cleanse the bowels. The hepatic elements tone up the liver. The diuretic elements flush and strengthen the kidneys. Uric acid crystals melt and are carried out of the body. Poisons have no chance to gather again. Pain goes. Lissomness returns. You feel years younger. Start right away on Kruschen, and let the famous three-fold action rid you of your rheumatism!

So cheap to buy and obtainable at all Stores, Chemists and in the bazaar.

You too can have THAT KRUSCHEN FEELING

HERE COMES MR. JORDAN

—Also— ACTUAL SCENES CAPTURED FROM GERMANS SHOWING NAZI BRUTALITIES IN RUSSIA

starring ROBERT MONTGOMERY

with CLAUDE RAINS · EVELYN KEYES · JAMES GLEASON · EDW. EVERETT HORTON · RITA JOHNSON · JOHN EMERY

A COLUMBIA FILM

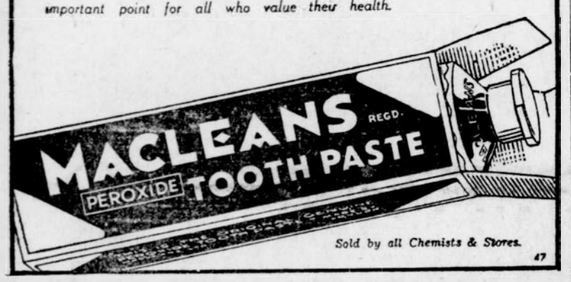
NEW EMPIRE 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

... and see the difference!

Maclean your teeth morning, noon and night—that's the way to ensure really clean, healthy teeth. And Macleans Peroxide Toothpaste gives you more—it makes the gums firm and leaves the whole mouth fragrantly refreshed. You will like its pleasant flavour and appreciate its economy in use.

Macleans is the original Peroxide Toothpaste. Its Peroxide content makes it correctly antiseptic—an important point for all who value their health.



Sold by all Chemists & Stores. 47

THE REGAL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

NOT A HORROR film but quite an AMUSING COMEDY!

Sunday 10-30 a.m. "RIO" with VICTOR McLAGLEN SIGRID GURIE.

Presidency Provident

& General Insurance Co., Ltd.

MHERWAN BUILDING.
Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Recognised everywhere AS: ONE OF THE BEST

1940 Another Year of Steady Progress

FIGURES OF PROGRESS:—

FUNDS Over Rs. 11,00,000

Claims Paid Over Rs. 2,25,000

Full Deposit paid under Ins. Act.

For particulars apply to: THE HEAD OFFICE,

Branches:—Poona, Sholapur, Belgaum, Bijapur Hubli, Ratnagiri, Madras, Navsari, Hyderabad.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Vad 10, 1998
Muslim: Shavaal 26, 1360
Parsi: Khordad 11, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 46m
Sunset: 5h. 1m.
Hightide: 7-00, 20-00
Lowtide: 6-34, 14-04.

STANDING COMMITTEE MEETING: There will be no Budget meeting of the Standing Committee to-day (Friday).

A special meeting of the Standing Committee will be held here on Monday, the 17th instant at 2 p.m. (B.T.), for the further consideration of the Budget Estimates for the year 1942-43.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 10 will meet near Kemp Corner to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward. Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION: Dr. Taylor will deliver his second lecture on "The Stars" at Wilson College, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY HISTORICAL SOCIETY: Prof. S. D. Gyani will deliver a lecture on "The Original Home of the Aryans", to-day (Friday) at 5-45 p.m. in the Library of the Prince of Wales Museum. The lecture is open to the public.

A.R.P. DADAR EAST: Lecture on "Short explanatory talk on Incendiary Bombs followed by a practical demonstration using H. E. Practice Incendiary Bombs" by Major Webber, Asstt. A.R.P. Controller, at the Operational Headquarters, B.E.S.T. Club Room, Dadar at 7-30 p.m. to-day (Friday).

B. H. RESERVOIR GARDEN: The Bhandarwada Hill Reservoir Garden will be opened to the public from to-morrow (15th November, 1941). The hours of opening and closing the Garden will be 6-30 a.m. and 6 p.m. (B.T.) respectively.

MADON TO VISIT WELFARE CENTRE: Mr. J. A. Madon, Adviser to H. E. the Governor of Bombay will pay a visit to Welfare Centre, Worli, to-day (Friday) at 6-0 p.m.

BLAVATSKY LODGE, T. S.: Mr. C. Jinarajadasa will lecture in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Road to Utopia, through organising for World Unity."

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: There will be a public study class on the subject of "The General Principles of Theosophy from the Ocean of Theosophy by W. Q. Judge, to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"The Sea Wolf". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Hold That Ghost." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"At The Villa Rose" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Here Comes Mr. Jordon" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Kanchan" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Anjan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Sangam" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
DREAM HOUSE—"Sasural" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Zindagi" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Swami" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Lagan" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Darshan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"No, No, Nanette" Daily at 4, 9-45 p.m.
SUPER—"Sohana Geet" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Jai India". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
METRO—[illegible] Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

SOCIAL WELFARE GROUP: Gives instruction in Lathi, Pari Zadka, Fencing, Ju-jitsu, Dagger-fight, Boxing, Dand Bethak, Surya-namaskar, Breathing Exercise, Ashanas and Stomach-exercise, besides other courses for body-building, weight-lifting, chest-expansion, etc. Mass training is also given. No fee for admission and no monthly fee. Every one above 18 years can join. Time 6 to 8 a.m. at Kalbadevi Road, Swadeshi market, First Floor, Tele. No. 33632.

GUMASTAS' PROCESSION: A procession of the Gumastas under the auspices of the Samasta Mumbai Gumasta Mandal will start at 10 a.m. (S.T.) to-day (Friday) from Nakhoda Mohoilla, Masjid Bunder Road, and will pass through Kalbadevi, Dhobi Talao, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Queen's Statue and terminate at the junction of Churchgate Street and Mayo Road, to celebrate the "Amendment to Shops and Establishment Act Day."

A public meeting at Chowpatty will be held at 5-30 p.m. on the same day to celebrate the "Amendment to Shops and Establishment Act Day."

On The Air

FRIDAY, NOV. 14.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kcs)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Master Mumtaz and party. 5-15 Hasrat Aur Fani. 5-30 Khadim Husain. 5-45 Zohrabai. 6-15 Bhajan Lal. 6-30 Jagannath Buwa Pandharpurkar. 6-50 Hanskankani on Sarangi. 7 Iqbal Bano. 7-15 Allies and Alliances. 7-30 For villagers only. 8-15 Jagannath Buwa Pandharpurkar. 8-30 Geet aur bhajan. 8-45 Jigar Aur Hasrat. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 10 Master Mumtaz and party. 10-20 Iqbal Bano. 10-30 Jagannath Buwa Pandharpurkar.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Anand Lahari. 8-5 News in Hindustani, 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Air Qawwali party. 8-40 V. D. Tendulkar. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Ramkrishnabuwa Vaze. 9-40 Air Trio. 9-50 Basheer Qawwal. 12-30 p.m. Geet and Naats. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Marathi songs. 1-15 Variety. 1-30 News in English 1-55 Lunch hour music. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 V. D. Tendulkar. 5-25 Basheer Qawwal. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Clarionet duet. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Marathi pad. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-50 Aunty Hilda's happy half hour. 7 Marathi actor's diary. 7-15 Pinakin Trivedi. 7-30 V. D Tendulkar. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Basheer Qawwal. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 World affairs. 8-45 Show-time. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-30 News in English. 9-50 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Naat. 10-10 Bhavgeet. 10-20 Khayal. 10-30 Nag-Nritya. 10-40 Thumri.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Durgabai Shirodkar. 8-20 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Gujarati songs, 9 Parsekar. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-40 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-40 Pad in Kafi. 5-50 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Amrit Lal. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1 8 Ramkrishnabuwa Vaze. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Durgabai Shirodkar. 9-30 Dominic Pereira and his Radio Quartet. 10-30 Opal Riley.

RHEUMATISM

Pains in Muscles and Joints Show Faulty Kidney Action

The root cause of rheumatism is to be found in the failure of the kidneys to perform their duty. The kidneys, which should take out every trace of poison or waste matter from the system, are allowing excess uric acid to remain and settle in joints, causing swelling, stiffness and the agonising pain of rheumatism. The correct treatment must restore the kidneys to their healthy, natural state, so that uric acid is filtered out. That is why De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills can effect permanent relief in the most obstinate cases of rheumatism.

De Witt's Pills act directly on the kidneys and restore them to their natural, effective action as the filters of the waste of the system. You will have visible proof of this direct action within 24 hours of taking De Witt's Pills. With the lessening of uric acid, the root cause of rheumatism disappears.

DE WITT'S

Kidney and Bladder PILLS

Obtainable of all dealers or V.P.P., on application to K. L. Marker, P.O. Box 258, Bombay. Small size Rs. 1/8, larger and more economical size, containing 2½ times as much, Rs. 2/8. A generous Free Sample sent on receipt of As. 1½ stamp.

INDO-CEYLON AGREEMENT

Imperial Indian Citizenship Association's Telegram To India Govt.

Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Chairman of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, has sent the following telegram to the Government of India, Department of Indian Overseas, New Delhi:—

"The Council of Imperial Indian Citizenship Association expect to submit to Government representation on proposed Indo-Ceylon agreement after consultation with Indian Delegation from Ceylon.

Meanwhile, the Council is gravely concerned that the fundamental principle that full rights of citizenship should be conceded to Indians resident in Ceylon, who could establish proof of prescribed period of residence and of permanent interests in the country has been abandoned. The proposed Agreement divides resident Indians into several classes for purpose of the right of re-entry. It does not confer full citizenship rights on the holders of certificates of domicile of choice and of permanent settlement. Even if the domicile of choice is proved according to the English Law, which is generally admitted to be impracticable it does not confer the right of employment under Government and other benefits. Owing to its complicated provisions grave hardship would be caused to Indians and in effect they would be unable to claim even such rights as they actually entitled to under the Law.

While the Council recognises the spirit of compromise underlying the Agreement, it submits that Indians permanently settled in Ceylon should be entitled to full rights of citizenship. It is hoped that under the Department of Indians Overseas, the Government of India will sympathetically consider that vital modifications in the Agreement are necessary before it can be fully acceptable."

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

The first round in the Bombay Suburban Cricket Tournament, being run for the second time, was played on Sunday last, between Chapel Road United Cricket Club and the Rest Ranwar Sports Club. The game was played at Supali Talao, Bandra and resulted in a easy win for Chapel Road United by 95 runs.

On Tuesday, a very largely attended public meeting was held when glowing tributes were paid to the memory of the late Mr. D. W. Raut, a member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

Many praiseworthy speeches were made which brought back to memory the valuable service rendered by Mr. Raut. Mr. N. V. Kane presided.

A lovely structure has been erected on the junction of Hill Road and Waterfield Road and in the middle of December, Bandra's new Talkies will function.

From what I learn, this new cinema is to run a mixed programme.

City Fathers Approve Rationing Of Water

ALSO VOTE MONEY FOR CLEANING VEHAR LAKE

The proposals of the Municipal Commissioner for the curtailment of water supply in the city and to spend Rs. 50,000 for cleaning the Vehar Lake were approved of by the Municipal Corporation on Thursday. There were several amendments to this proposition.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi had moved an amendment at the last meeting to send the matter to a special committee for report, and in the meantime, to continue water supply as at present. Mr. Soonderdas Morarji added a rider to this amendment to request the Committee to submit the report in fifteen days.

Dr. S. P. Mehta moved another amendment on Thursday to approve of the proposal of the Municipal Commissioner to curtail water supply from 15th instant and to refer the question of cleaning Vehar Lake to the Works Committee.

Mr. A. P. Sabawala said Tansa Lake usually overflowed till 20th October, but this year it stopped overflowing from 21st September. This naturally made the lake deeper by a few inches, as 106 million gallons of water was drawn every day. It was therefore better to get a little less water in cold weather, than not to have any water in hot weather at all.

NO NECESSITY TO CURTAIL WATER

Mr. Mohanlal Desai thought there was no necessity to curtail water, since the water level at the Municipal lakes was not appreciably low.

Prof. S. R. Davar supported the Municipal Commissioner and said they should conserve water from now, so that the public might get water till the next break of monsoon.

COMMISSIONER'S BROAD HINT

The Municipal Commissioner again struck a note of warning and said the situation in regard to the water supply was not sufficiently appreciated or realised. He was afraid that if prompt measures were not taken immediately, the situation would be very grave by June next and would be out of control. After giving the figures of water level in the Municipal lakes, he said, they had to consider the evaporation by heat which would be more this year on account of the extreme heat tney experienced recently and also the leakages in pipes which were getting more and more every year. If therefore the present quota of 106 million gallons of supplying of water was maintained, he was afraid there would be no water left in the Municipal lakes by the end of April and therefore, they should conserve what they could till the next monsoon breaks.

He had done his duty, and if the Corporation still persisted to send the matter to the Committee, and did not curtail the water, they might do so, but the responsibility would be entirely theirs.

At this stage, the amendments were put to vote and declared lost. Mrs. Lilavati Munshi's amendment was taken to a division and declared lost by 27 votes against 21 votes.

The original proposition was carried.

The House then adjourned till Monday.

Standing Committee's Discussion On Budget

At the Special Meeting of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation on Thursday, Mr. K. H. Goregaokar, speaking on the Budget of 1942-43 did not agree to the suggestion of the Chairman to request the Government to give to the Municipal Corporation a part of the Urban Property Tax. This tax was imposed as an emergency measure for a particular purpose viz: prohibition, and if that object failed, the Urban Tax also, he said, must go bag and baggage. The property owners paid Rs. 2,24,00,000, and if there was any capacity left in them to further levy, it should be in the nature of increase in the General Tax. Or another way was to ask the Government to transfer to the Municipal Corporation the Urban Property Tax wholesale.

ART OF LAW-MAKING

Satyamurti's Suggestions

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Addressing the students of the Law College to-day Mr. S. Satyamurti deplored the lack of interest shown by members of the Legislature in the matter of enacting laws and said that law-making in India would never improve, unless the representatives of the Indian masses cared to study the art of law-making. He emphasised the need for the appointment of parliamentary draftsmen for drawing up Bills to be sponsored in the legislature.

CENTRAL INDIA HINDU CONFERENCE

A local correspondent writes.—Mr. Shankerlal Dubey, a lawyer from Indore met Swatantry Veer Savarkar on Thursday at Dadar in connection with the Central India Hindu Conference. Savarkar has promised to preside, but Sant Panchalegaonkar is suggested by him to be provisionally invited to preside, in case he is smaller to do so. Mr. Dubey came to Bombay on Thursday and left for Indore the same day.

LATE MR. J. BHICAJEE: The Governing Board of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association has passed the following resolution:—"The meeting of the Governing Board expresses its deep sorrow over the sad and sudden death of Mr. Jehangir Bhicajee who was a prominent member of the Association and President of its Defaulters' Committee. The Board places on record its high appreciation of his unselfish services which he has given to the Association for so many years in his capacity as the member of the Board and Honorary Secretary of the Association. This meeting further conveys its heartfelt sympathy to Mrs. Jehangir Bhicajee and family in this hour of their great bereavement."

There is no waste with Pears

You can use your Pears tablet right to the very end if you follow this little hint. Every new tablet of Pears has a hollow face into which the thin wafer of the old tablet just fits. Moisten the wafer of your old tablet, press it into the hollow of the new tablet—and use it right up.

A. & F. Pears Limited, TG. 5-118

CAPITOL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m

as its three great stars... this surging sea-drama from the thrill-packed pen of Jack London!

with ALEXANDER KNOX
GENE LOCKHART • BARRY FITZGERALD
Directed by
MICHAEL CURTIZ
A WARNER BROS.-First Nat'l Picture
Screen Play by Robert Rossen • Music by Erich Wolfgang Korngold

Sunday: 10-30 a.m.

"STORY OF LOUIS PASTEUR" with PAUL MUNI

A Glittering Romance Aflame with Glowing Life—

NAVYUG'S Scintillating Screen-fare

MARATHI: 4, 7
HINDI: 10 p.m.

2nd Week from To-morrow

Sangam

Drawing full Houses at NEW WEST END

Beauty will reward you

A lovely, clear, youthful complexion is the reward of every woman who realizes that Nature needs her help. Every night while we sleep Nature meant the outer layer of skin gradually to disappear as it was worn out, but often minute particles of this old, worn-out cuticle clog up the pores and positively stifle the young, growing skin. Then complexions grow dull and patchy. The way to prevent it is to massage your face and neck each night with pure Mercolized Wax. Then, while you sleep, the Mercolized Wax will be gently, imperceptibly dissolving away every clogging particle of the old, weather-beaten skin and giving the fresh, new skin beneath a real chance. But be sure to get pure Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat), for nothing else works in quite the same natural way. Any chemist, store or bazaar will supply it.

Mercolized Wax

COMING

SARDAR AKHTAR IN

National's newest film

NAI ROSHNI

Depicting The Story of the COMMON MAN

Sat. Nov. 22

PATHE

METRO

DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

THE T.N.T. STAR COMBINATION THAT HAD THE NEWS WIRES SIZZLING!

MANPOWER

A WARNER BROS. HIT with ALAN HALE • FRANK McHUGH

ADDED ATTRACTIONS:
"CONVOY FROM INDIA"
AN F. A. B. PRESENTATION
WARNER BROS. CARTOON
LATEST MOVIETONE NEWS

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The Bombay Chronicle

RELEASE OF PRISONERS II

Gandhiji's statement on the move for the release of prisoners concerns itself most with the treatment of the Deoli prisoners because this is an urgent matter on account of the hunger-strike and because it is possible to settle it "without any political or other embarrassment." In view of the reported serious illness of several hunger-strikers, including Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, Gandhiji naturally wants to concentrate attention on this matter first. So he says: "What the public demand is this: Let Government keep the prisoners, but let them give decent treatment to the prisoners whether they go on hunger-strike or not. They need not take notice of such strikes when there is no reasonable cause for them. The Deoli prisoners' demands, as far as they are known, are just. Let them end the terrible suspense by granting the demands and ending the hunger-strike." If the reference here is only to the detenus. We do not know if the public would willingly let Government keep the prisoners. The public rather say Government must not keep the prisoners without a trial, but if, in defiance of public opinion, they must, they should at least give then a decent treatment.

Gandhiji's Statement

With regard to the release of prisoners Gandhiji assumes that the present move is for the release of only Satyagrahis and naturally says that "there will be great resentment if distinction is made between Satyagrahis and those who are detained without trial". Mr. N. M. Joshi's resolution in the Central Assembly is, however, for the release of all political prisoners. However, Gandhiji's warning suggests that release is an advantage and that it should be impartially extended to all political prisoners. With regard to the possible release of only Satyagrahis Gandhiji says: "So far as I know, there will be on the part of the Congress neither appreciation of, nor response to, any such gesture by Government. Those who may be discharged will have to be invited to re-offer civil disobedience if they are physically fit." We cannot interpret this to mean that Gandhiji wants to keep up a struggle for its own sake. He obviously means that mere release of prisoners is not enough to elicit a response leading to a settlement that if fresh negotiations are desired, suspension of the campaign is neither necessary nor desirable and that Government must offer a great deal more to make a settlement possible.

Concede Congress Demand

If this is a correct interpretation of Gandhiji's attitude, it will be generally endorsed by most Congressmen, though some of them may prefer to suspend civil disobedience during negotiations and though there may be some sharp differences of opinion about the terms of a settlement. As regards suspending civil disobedience, it may be remembered that even in 1931 Gandhiji insisted on the continuance of the campaign during his negotiations with the Viceroy. This time he has already decided to restrict the campaign in future to only the few who have full faith in undiluted non-violence and are ready to go back to jail every time they are released. There need be no difficulty, therefore, on the score of Gandhiji's insisting on continuing civil disobedience even after a general release of political prisoners. As for the terms likely to lead to a settlement all Congressmen are agreed that Government must offer a great deal more than the Viceroy's declaration of August, 1940. But some fear a difficulty may arise if Gandhiji insists—as he is sure to do—on the people's right to preach pacifism non-violently even during the war and if he opposes—as he is very likely to do—the renewal of the Poona offer. The first need not be a serious difficulty. Government will lose little materially and will gain much morally if they concede the right of free speech as desired by Gandhiji, who can be trusted not to abuse the right. Once this is done the renewal of the Poona offer will not be so difficult as it may otherwise be. In short, while a general release of all political prisoners is a step in the right direction, it will lead nowhere unless Government are prepared to concede substantially the demands of the Congress.

State Management Of Railways

The first railways in India were constructed and managed by British companies to whom a guarantee of liberal minimum interest was given in addition to other valuable concessions, the Government of India reserving to themselves the right to purchase them at stated periods. In 1870, after twenty years' bitter experience of the waste and inefficiency of company management, the Government of India, with the full approval of the Secretary of State, adopted the policy of state construction and management. It proved a great success. Parliamentary influence, however, continued to be exerted in the interest of British capitalists and unfair and misleading comparisons continued to be made between state and company management—with the result that, in 1881, Lord Ripon came to India as Viceroy pledged to a reversal of the state railway policy. The highest English officials of the Government of India strongly opposed the reversal, but Lord Ripon was adamant in spite of the fact that the Parliamentary Committee of 1878-79 on Public Works in India had approved the policy of state construction and management of railways, because many eminent witnesses had spoken highy of it. In 1910 the demand of the Indian public for state construction and management was pointedly brought to the notice of the Government of India by the late Mr. Gokhale, in the Imperial Legislative Council. Since then it has been repeated there on several occasions and continuously urged in the Indian Press. On the 24th March, 1915, Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla moved a resolution in the Imperial Legislative Council in favour of state management. The Government stated that they had already started an enquiry into matter. The Governments of Bombay and Madras were in favour of state management. The Governor-in-Council of Bengal noted that the weight of English commercial opinion in that Presidency was in favour of company management, but his own opinion was rather on the side of state management. Indian public bodies voted for state management and European Chambers of Commerce for company management.

Owing to the pressure of the Indian members of the Central Legislature to take the East Indian Railway under state management, in 1921 the Secretary of State for India appointed a Committee, presided over by Sir William Ackworth, to enquire into the question of state versus company management of railways. After a long and minute enquiry both in England and India, the majority of the committee, including the chairman, declared themselves strongly in favour of state management. But evidently out of tender regard for the British capitalists, the Government of India refused to accept the finding and declared that they would decide each case on its merits when the occasion arose. Since then they have reluctantly taken some railways under state management, but continued the company management of others. That company management of railways has been most harmful to India financially as well as politically, socially and industrially has been convincingly shown by, among many others, Mr. B. M. Dadachanji, who has made a lifelong study of the subject, and whose contributions on the subject have appeared in this journal from time to time. He has now published a pamphlet in which he has reprinted some of the articles contributed by him to the "Bombay Chronicle" dealing comprehensively with the question, and inserted some additional useful matter, making out a strong and irresistible case for state management of railways in this country. The publication is opportune in view of the fast-approaching termination of the contract between the Government of India and the companies managing the Bengal and North-Western Railway and the Rohilkhand Railway. Mr. Dadachanji deserves to be congratulated on the dogged perseverance with which he has been fighting for the just cause of state management.

KING-HALL NEWSLETTER

Hitler Preparing For War With U.S.A.

The following are cabled extracts from King-Hall Newsletter dated November 6, 1941.

America's determination to get aid to us across the Atlantic has put Hitler in an awkward dilemma. To leave American ships alone knocks the bottom out of the Nazi blockade of these islands and to sink U. S. vessels carrying supplies as far as Iceland, brings America closer to a declaration of war and weakens the effect of Nazi propaganda in the U. S. A. against intervention. There is another aspect of the situation which should not be overlooked in seeking an explanation of the recent German U-boat attacks on American naval vessels. It is summed up in the following words of a report on conditions in Germany which was smuggled out of the Reich, which we published in this correspondence (9-1-41.) "There is a growing feeling that sooner or later the United States will come into the war and a number of persons with whom I have talked are convinced that when it is obvious that America is about to come in, Hitler will force the issue by some dramatic action. He must retain the initiative or even an appearance of it even in a matter like this." Hitler has long been preparing for America's entry into the war. Nazi propaganda has done everything possible to prepare German minds for the psychological impact of American support for Britain, even for a formal declaration of war, if and when it comes.

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Nazi preparations meet this eventuality and also include (a) an alliance with Japan designed to keep a large part of America's navy in the Pacific; and (b) long-term political and military measures in the Iberian Peninsula and in North-west Africa, with a view to forestalling America landing in either of these areas. From time to time the newsletters have reported on this extension of Nazi control, through Spain, of North-west Africa. There can be little doubt that Germany could march into Madrid at a few hours' notice. Already the Gestapo is well established throughout the country which is too exhausted and divided to offer any effective resistance to the Germans. Probably no country in Europe is closer to starvation; typhus and half a dozen other virulent epidemics are sweeping the country almost unchecked. There can be no doubt that the new railway which is being feverishly constructed across the Sahara at an incredible cost and suffering among native workers is part of the German strategical plan. We have received a good deal of information recently concerning German activities both in the French and Spanish zones of Morocco and Tangier. According to these reports, quantities of war material continue to reach Morocco through Ceuta and Melilla. These supplies have included German artillery which is distributed to strategical points along the coast from Larache to Melilla. In Tangier and Spanish Morocco the civil guard have made a house-to-house register of men between 19 and 40 years of age. This appears to have been done surreptitiously and those registered have been notified where they are to report in the event of an emergency and told to await further orders. Military manoeuvres are frequently carried out.

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A correspondent describes recent manoeuvres on a big scale along the coast of Spanish Morocco. The tactics consisted of an attempted landing by enemy forces at a number of different points. "Enemy forces" (supposedly British) were made up of former Republicans who succeeded so well in the operation that the Spanish authorities began the construction of additional defences. All these activities are carried out under the watchful eyes of many Nordic-looking gentlemen in civilian clothes but with distinctly military bearing, who are encountered throughout Morocco. A group of these same gentlemen was to be seen a few weeks ago making a tour of defence positions along the coast in the company of Col. Granados, Military Governor of Tangier. They appeared especially interested in the big modern aerodrome which is now being completed and were later entertained at the German Consulate. This situation is not without an ironical side. Once a week members of the German Armistice Commission motor over in big cars from French Morocco to Tangier to purchase quantities of foodstuffs and other supplies for their personal needs. They appear to have a preference for British tobacco, soap, margarin and tea and have no hesitation in asking for these in the shops. Our friends in Tangier derive sardonic pleasure from the sight of these visitors loading motor cars with boxes and cases bearing the Union Jack and the well-known caption "Britain delivers the goods."

Frankly Speaking

Gallant Moscow

It was on October 2 that, according to Herr Hitler's public announcement, "gigantic operations" had been started which were decisively to defeat Russia. Within a week of this announcement, Field Marshal von Boen and the Nazi Press Chief Doctor Dietrich had between them annihilated Marshal Timoshenko's armies east of Vyasma and the road to Moscow was open and unopposed. A few days later German advance troops had reached and, unless our memory fails us, even driven wedges into Moscow's outer defences north, west and south. This was over four weeks ago and Herr Hitler's "gigantic operations", original and reserves, are still there. The threat to Moscow has by no means abated in its gravity. But this animated deadlock which Herr Hitler has so far failed to break despite costly efforts against an army which, according to Dr. Dietrich, ceased to exist early in October, is an agreeable surprise even to the best friends of Russia. The Fuhrer must, on his own part, be a rudely disappointed man. And it cannot but add to his worry and exasperation to find, shall we say, a ghost army of Russia actually working to improve its position even in the Tula and Kalinin sector. But let there be no mistake, the danger to Moscow is still there as threatening and grim as four weeks ago.

Sabotage In U. S.

Early this week General Marshall, Chief of the American General Staff, summoned the nation, in a broadcast, to guard against a "sudden widespread attempt" by the Axis Powers to sabotage the United States' munitions, utility and transportation industries. Almost like a dramatic corroboration, an important powder factory is reported to have been blown up the very next day. Americans, however, are well able to defeat the danger to which General Marshall has referred, particularly after the General's solemn warning. The Nazis cannot hope to gain any success from a sabotaging campaign greater than what the Kaiser's agents achieved during the last war. And it was quite insignificant. But there is another crisis, which is not due to the Axis but which is positively serious, that is threatening American industries and the whole defence programme.

Critical Situation

And that crisis arises out of the internal conflict between worker and owner. The "strike picture", as a Yew York message describes it, is darker than ever before. In addition to the minor ones that are already progressing, three national strikes are threatened in coal mines, in railways and in telephone services. Whichever party may be to blame the fact remains that this outbreak is going substantially to affect the defence programme at a very crucial stage in the international situation. Worse still, the conflict has jeopardised the chances of the revision of the Neutrality Act by the House of Representatives. Some Democratic leaders, no doubt representing the employers' groups, are taking advantage of the value of their votes in the House to hustle the Administration into anti-labour action. Nor is that all. The revelation that an Army is being organised for service overseas if necessary must certainly have been exploited by the Isolationists on the eve of voting on the Neutrality Revision Bill which was scheduled to take place yesterday. By now the fate of the Bill must have been decided. If the Bill has been rejected, it will have grave repercussions in the international situation both in Europe and the Far East. If it has passed even by a majority of a dozen votes, the Admiration should congratulate itself on an important victory.

Tragic Choice

It is a great pity that Finland has officially rejected the American suggestion to stop fighting. The Finnish argument is no more than sophistry. For it is absolutely absurd to assert that any country like Finland can finally remove danger from a Power "50 times stronger" by occupying eastern Karelia and the Kola. The excuse is nonsensical. And the choice that Finland has preferred is tragic. For, it involves utter disaster in defeat, and even in victory—which to say the very least, is highly problematical—it involves the end of Finland's deservedly proud traditions of democracy. Moreover, Finland's reply evades the real issue which is the safety of the Murmansk and Archangel supply routes to Russia. That, so far as the U.S.A. and Britain are concerned, is the crux of the problem and it appears that Mr Cordell Hull has hinted to Finland that she can yet avert disaster to herself.

Disagreeable Surprise

Mr. Martin Agronsky reveals that it was a Russian submarine which had sunk a Turkish motor-boat a few days ago in Turkish Black Sea territorial waters. This is a surprise as disagreeable as it is unexpected. The Soviet Commander concerned showed utter lack of a sense not only of international obligations but also of ordinary realism. The Soviet Government, however, is not so foolish or blind to realities. And we are certain that in response to the Turkish protest it will make full and prompt amends for an inexcusable outrage.

Middle Eastern War Council

Col. Prior To Watch Govt. Of India Interests

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

The contributions paid by India to the League of Nations, the attitude of the Sinkiang Government towards British Indian residents there, the application of the Atlantic Charter to India and the granting of commissions in the Royal Indian Navy and the Royal Indian Naval Reserve were among the variety of subjects raised at question time in the Council of State this morning.

Raja Yuveraj Dutta Singh asked if India was still a member of the League of Nations and if so, up to what year she had paid her annual contribution and how much. He also wanted to know why India should continue to be a member of the League in view of the present international situation.

Mr. S. A. Lal replied that India was still a member of the League of Nations and that she had paid her annual contribution up to and including the current financial year for which the amount of contribution was Rs. 7,54,650.

Replying to the latter part of the question, he said that the Government of India recognised that war conditions had involved a serious curtailment of the activities of the League, but they considered it important that the League should continue to exist as a symbol of the co-operation of free nations in international affairs and should continue to receive the active support of such nations. Nor were the practical tasks which the League was still in a position to discharge by any means insignificant.

Three Crores For Technical Training

Replying to Raja Yuveraj Dutta Singh's question regarding the technical training scheme of the Government, Sir Feroz Khan Noon, member for Labour, said that 100 British instructors were being recruited from the United Kingdom of whom 61 had already arrived. The scheme began to operate in January, 1941, and the total cost from that date up to the end of March, 1943, was estimated roughly at Rs. 3 crores.

Replying to supplementaries, Sir Feroz Khan admitted that these instructors had been brought here under contracts but he was unable to indicate offhand the period of the contracts.

Indians In Sinkiang

Raja Yuveraj Dutta Singh asked if it was a fact that the attitude of the Sinkiang Government towards the British Indian subjects residing in that territory was unfriendly and hostile before the outbreak of the Russo-German war. He further wanted to know what had been reaction of this war on the attitude of the Sinkiang Government towards British Indian subjects residing about Kashgar and the territory concerned.

Sir Akbar Hydari, member for Information, replied in the affirmative to the first part. Referring to the second part, he said that no change had been noticeable so far.

Pandit Kunzru wanted to know if any representations had been made on this subject to the Chinese Government and to the authorities in Sinkiang.

Sir Akbar asked for notice.

Middle East War Council

Replying to a question regarding the Middle Eastern War Council, Sir Akbar Hydari said that it had already been announced that Col. C. G. Prior, hitherto Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, had been appointed representative of the Government of India on the Middle East War Council and to report to the Government of India discussions and decisions on matters in any way affecting Indian interests. Col. Prior would be responsible in the discharge of his functions to the Government of India. For obvious reasons and in particular, the necessity for preventing any information of value reaching the enemy, it would not be possible for Government to place before the House any statement regarding the working of the Middle East War Council.

Replying to Mr. V. V. Kalikar, Mr. A. Williams said that no officers serving in the British reserves had been given any permanent commissions in the Royal Indian Navy since the outbreak of the war. He admitted that only two Indian officers had been recruited to the Royal Indian Navy from the Royal Indian Naval Reserves since the outbreak of the war.—A. P.

COWASJI SEES COMMUNISM

In Raisman's Move

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

The Assembly before the lunch interval passed Sir Jeremy Raisman's Bill to amend the Excess Profits Tax Act as reported upon by the Select Committee.

Three amendments were attempted by Sir Cowasji Jehangir supported by Mr. Bajoria, and Mr. Hussainbhai Lalji but all the three failed.

One of these sought to remove the provision in schedule one giving power to the Excess Profits Tax officer to allow deduction, which he considers reasonable and necessary, in respect of expenses in computing the profits of any chargeable accounting period, provided that no disallowance under this rule shall be made by the Excess Profits Tax Officer, unless he has obtained the prior authority of the Commissioner of Excess Profits Tax. Sir Cowasji Jehangir and his supporters argued that these powers proposed to be given to E.P.T. officer were excessive as well as unnecessary, because existing powers were sufficient to deal with attempts at evasion of the tax.

Mr. Ayers, Excess Profits Tax Adviser, and Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member, in reply explained that actual working of the Act had shown the need for the provision and pointed out that Government's 'bona fides' had been proved by the fact that Sir Ziauddin's amendment seeking to give Government the powers now sought to be taken was opposed by Government in the last session.

The amendment was rejected without a division.

NO APPEAL TO HIGH COURT

Sir Cowasji Jehangir moved a further amendment to give the assessee the right of appeal to the High Court from the Appellate Tribunal, if he was dissatisfied with the decision of the Excess Profits Tax officer under the above provision. The Amendment was negatived by 36 votes to twenty.

During the third reading, the Finance Member reminded members that when they pressed Government to make amendments in order to remove certain hardships and improve the administration of the tax from their point of view, they must realise that Government on their side were reviewing the administration of the tax and the loopholes in the existing system; that Government would not always come forward with a jam and no pill; and that Government were anxious to be fair to the assessee but they must be fair also to the general interests of the country.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir said that the phrase used by the Finance Member earlier that "the assessee is a trustee on behalf of the Government" because Government had a large share in the profits, had been radio-ed far and wide.

Sir Cowasji contested that expression. "The assessee is not a trustee on behalf of the Government. He is a trustee on behalf of the share-holders. This phrase of the Finance Member savours very much of national socialism and communism. (Finance Member: Oh). We have not yet reached that stage in our history, when Government can claim that all the business in India is nationalised and belongs to Government. Government are collectors of taxes; it is their duty to see that they get proper tax; beyond that, they have no right in the business. It is for the assessee to see that the business is managed in the interests of the shareholders."

Sir Jeremy Raisman intervening said that in circles in which the expression to which Sir Cowasji was alluding might have gained currency and attracted attention, the phrase that the "Finance Member is a senior partner" had already gained previous currency.

Sir Cowasji remarked that if the second phrase meant that the Finance Member had his finger in the management of the business he was very wrong. (Sir Jeremy Raisman: I did not claim that).

Mr. Bajoria said that the number of appeals were increasing and that showed that the assessees were not satisfied with the assessment made. He urged that efforts should be made to see that the assessee was satisfied with the assessment made.

Mr. Hussainbhai Lalji admitted that the Bill was in the assessees' interest, but he wished that the Finance Member had accepted suggestions made to keep a check on the activities of the Department's officers.

The Bill was passed without a division.

The Assembly took into consideration Sir Andrew Clow's Bill to regulate the extent to which railway property shall be liable to taxation imposed by an authority within a province, as reported upon by Select Committee.

During discussion of the clauses, the House passed an amendment moved by Prof. Bannerji to the effect that in case of dispute between the local administration and the railways regarding assessment, the adjudicating authority should be "a person who is or has been a judge of a High Court or a district judge", instead of an officer appointed by the Government. Government accepted the amendment.

The debate on Dr. Bannerji's further amendment to the same clause had not concluded, when the House rose for the day.

Sir Cowasji had not finished his speech, when the House adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"The total policy of the Government, though adequate in carrying through the next 12 months of war, will fail to see us through a long war, or to deal with the problems of reconstruction.

"Those who move with the great forces of the world can win wars and conclude lasting peace; those who do not, cannot. This Government has no desire to move with the great forces of the world, but tends rather to struggle against them."

—Sir Richard Acland in the House of Commons.

* * *

"Sir Henry Gidney disliked any barter being made out of the Atlantic Charter."

—Central Assembly report.

Quite so. Let India give and Britain and "oppressed" European countries take.

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Another speaker who opposed the application to his own country was Mr. N. M. Dumasia.

But since the famous Indian ran entirely to form, we need no more than congratulate him on justifying our long-established confidence in him.

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Discussing in the Lords the King's speech, Lord Addison expressed disappointment that it made no reference to India and Burma.

Lord Addison rather expressed his own ignorance. As an ex-Minister he ought to have known that what is called the King's speech is really the Cabinet's speech. And Mr. Churchill couldn't very well have described as he did, the Atlantic Charter as a "beacon" to the world and then obscured its dazzling glare by mentioning the will-o'-the-wisp of the August offer."

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C-IN-C'S VISIT TO FAR EAST

Keen Interest in Indian Troops

—Anglo-India.

Does our contemporary regard this is an unexpected, agreeable surprise?

* * *

"The Times of India" draws the attention of Japan to Herr Hitler's contemptuous description of Russia as a "Mongol State."

But suppose, brother, that Japan responds by suggesting that Hitler's "Mongol State" is no worse than the Anglo-Saxon "Yellow Peril"?

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"It is a month since I remarked on the prolonged silence of Hitler."—Mr. Churchill.

The British Premier's tactics have proved extremely successful.

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Giving the House of Commons an account of the shipping position, Mr. Churchill promised that Britain would be fully ready to undertake operations overseas in the year 1943.

Comrade Stalin to please acknowledge receipt of the intimation.

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By the way, a much-relieved Duce ought to wire his thanks to Mr. Churchill.

Unless he prefers to suspect a catch somewhere.

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M. Lozovsky says that Finland's reply to the United States is double-faced.

But, of course, it is as it has to be: one face Finnish, the other German.

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M. Lozovsky also opined that, with his note to Finland, Mr. Cordell-Hull had delivered a blow to the German Government.

Britain's blow, too, is being actively—considered.

SOARING PRICE OF PAPER

NEW DELHI, Nov. 12.

The question of controlling the hoarding of large stocks of paper has been engaging the attention of the Government of India.

This statement was made by the Hon. Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, in the course of his reply to questions by Mr. Lalchand Navalrai in the Central Assembly in regard to the Indian Journalists' Association, Calcutta, requesting the immediate control of Indian mill-made paper, and what action was taken in the matter.

Sir Ramaswami stated that the question of prices charged for 'paper' was engaging his attention. The rise in prices was partly due to increased cost of production and partly due to demand exceeding supply.

A statement of the prices of certain common types of Indian-made paper given by the Commerce Member indicated slight rise in white printing paper and brown paper in Karachi from the price prevailing either in Calcutta or in Bombay. The price in Bombay was also slightly higher than that was prevailing in Calcutta —United Pre—

Moscow Lays Death Trap For Nazis

FIERCE BATTLES RAGE ON ALL FRONTS

Desperate German Assaults To Break Through Crimea

LONDON, Nov. 13.

A German Communique states that German troops are attacking the fortifications of Kerch on the Crimea. Several coastal fortifications south of the town have been captured.

The Communique also states that heavy batteries shelled military objectives in Leningrad and the harbour of Kronstadt.

The Rome radio to-day stated: "According to reports from Budapest, German and Rumanian troops have occupied Kerch." There is no confirmation of this claim from other sources.

GERMAN ASSAULT ON SEVASTOPOL HALTED

KUIBISHEV, Nov. 13.

Tens of thousands of Germans have been killed in the Crimea since the Soviet defences on the Perekop were penetrated a fortnight ago and the Germans entered the Crimean Steppe. To achieve what success they have hitherto obtained, the Germans were obliged to bring to the Crimea nine infantry and two mechanised divisions and two cavalry brigades. The Germans are aiming to reach Kerch, Sevastopol and the Black Sea coast across Yailadagh.

The first detailed report for some days admits that the position in the Kerch Peninsula is serious, but states that five divisions which the Germans threw against Sevastopol have been checked many miles from Sevastopol.

Nazi Order To Storm Tula

The Germans have given orders that Tula must be taken at all costs. Fighting is now going on outside Tula, reports the Soviet Official News Agency, and the German Command is bringing up fresh reserves.

The Germans have been dislodged from villages at the southern extremity of Tula, reports the "Pravda" war correspondent. They have retreated to new lines and are now attempting to turn the Soviet defence lines from the south and north. German air raids on Tula are frequent. Barricades and anti-tank defences put up by the people of Tula in recent weeks are proving their worth.

German losses in some regiments during the Tula and Orel fighting have been as much as fifty per cent of their effectives.

Moscow Trap

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Germans are still sixty miles from Moscow, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Swedish newspaper "Social Demokraten". He describes the ground as one great minefield and says that German troops are forced to clear the roads, which are heavily mined and defended by barricades and flame throwers electrically operated from concealed positions. Behind the roads are tank traps and tank barriers and still more mines.—Reuter.

Attacks Repulsed

On the eastern front there is evidence to-day of increased activity in the Crimea and around Moscow.

Latest reports show that particularly intense fighting has developed in the direction of Kerch in the Crimea. The war correspondent of the "Pravda" says all enemy attacks continue to be repulsed by Russian troops in co-operation with the air force and navy. Severe fighting is also taking place near Sebastopol. But the "Pravda" correspondent says that the Germans have failed to break through to the city despite their bombardment of fortifications and repeated tank assaults.

Elsewhere in the front the Germans are trying to dig themselves in, the Russians launching local counter-attacks.

Successful Counter-Attacks

The Moscow Radio broadcast early on Thursday morning that the Red Army troops had launched successful counter-attacks in the northern sector of the Moscow front and had recaptured two villages.

Twenty minutes after the attack started, one Soviet unit dislodged the Germans from the village 'G" and consolidated its position. Exploiting their success, this unit occupied a second village and reached the approaches of point "K." in this region the Germans lost many officers and men killed and two tanks.

Battles are continuing below point "K" with unabated intensity.

The Soviet troops have consolidated their position in the sectors of Mojaisk, 65 miles west of Moscow and Volokolamsk, 75 miles north-west of Moscow, where there was artillery action.

The German attempt to cross the river Nara was repelled by artillery fire, which annihilated one company of infantry and a large group of soldiers armed with automatic rifles.

One of the units of Commander Ekromov, captured the eastern suburbs of point "A". Fighting continues for full possession of this point.

The air force on the Central Front bombed German occupied aerodromes and attacked troops.

S. S. Men Brought Up

"During the past two days the Germans flung troops into the battle on the left flank of the Moscow front," declared the Moscow radio to-day.

"There have been heavy engagements.

On the other sectors the enemy has been digging in.

In the Volokolamsk sector the Germans brought up an "S S" Division during the past 24 hours, apparently preparing for an attack.

Near Kalinin there is news of Russian guerilla units. After blowing up two bridges used by German reserves, the guerilla units called for Russian dive bombers which delivered smashing blows to German lorries and other stores.

German soldiers took to their heels and ran into an ambush.

South of the capital the Germans had been driven from the southern suburbs of Tula.

Improved weather in the Ukraine has enabled Russian airmen to raid German supply lines.

In the Leningrad area severe frost had hardened the roads and Berlin speaks of heavy fighting in this sector.

Stubborn fighting continues unabated in the Kalinin sector to the north-west of Moscow, says the Moscow radio, quoting a Tass message.

The Germans are suffering heavy losses and bringing in fresh reserves.

Several populated centres in this sector were occupied by the Germans during the last few days, but from some of them the Germans have been driven out by successful counter-attacks.

At some points Commander Vostrukhove's units have passed to attack.

Fight For Leningrad

MOSCOW.—Stubborn fighting is now in progress near Leningrad, reports the newspaper "Pravda", this morning. The Germans are attempting to surround the city and wear it down.

Despite enormous losses the Germans continue to push forward and penetrate deeper and deeper into Soviet territory.

"GUARDS REGIMENTS."

Commenting on Stalin's decision to give certain regiments made up of crack troops the status of "Guards Regiments" (as in pre-Revolution Russia), the "Pravda" describes successful fighting carried out by certain Soviet units. It concludes: "Every soldier should be proud of his regiment and stand up everywhere for its honour and glory. Contrary to Hitler's boastful statements about annihilation of the Red Army, the latter continues to offer heroic resistance to the sanguinary Nazi hordes. Its fighting spirit has not been broken. The confidence of our troops in their victory over Fascism is unshakeable".

Guerillas Score

The Soviet midday "communique" states: "During the night of November 12 our troops fought the enemy on all fronts".

Activity on the Leningrad Sector is reported in to-day's supplementary Soviet "communique". In one day's operations Stormovik air unit alone destroyed five German tanks, 27 lorries with infantry and equipment, three tank lorries and annihilated over 150 German officers.

Guerillas continue to be active in the Leningrad Sector. In the first four days of November they blew up 43 bridges, including seven railway bridges and destroyed five German planes, eleven tanks, six armoured cars, 160 lorries with ammunition and infantry, 19 tank lorries, 16 passenger cars, over 100 motorcycles, 13 tractors and one ammunition dump. In many places railway lines have been cut and a train was wrecked. Guerillas also killed 28 German officers and 563 soldiers.

Transport Minister Reiterates Assurance

LONDON, Nov 13.

"Russia will get the war supplies Britain has promised her, whatever may be the strain on Britain," Lord Leathers, the War Transport Minister, gave this assurance speaking in London on Wednesday.

"We shall deliver the goods", he declared. "Much has already reached Russia, much is now on the way, and there is much more to go.

"The pledges given to Moscow are being and will be redeemed to the full. To be fully effective our help has to be worked out in great detail. This has been done and the programme of priorities and shipments is proposed.

It would be very cheering to you if I were able to give you details of this formidable programme. I can only say that I have assessed the amount of shipping demands and whatever strain it places on us, there will be no shortage of tonnage to fulfil our promises.

We are putting everything we know into the effort to secure swift and safe delivery of these munitions to Russia.

One of the routes to Russia lies across Persia. Most strenuous efforts are now being made to increase the carrying capacity of this route. In this work British railways are providing powerful aid in plant, locomotive and wagons".—Reuter.

GANDHIJI & STATES' PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE

Address To Standing Committee

WARDHA, November 13.

Mahatma Gandhi addressed this afternoon a meeting of the Standing Committee of the States' People's Conference which was presided over by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and attended by 13 members.

The meeting discussed general situation in the States and it is likely that a statement will be issued later.

After the conclusion of the meeting, a deputation of the Mysore State Congress consisting of Messrs. K. Bhashyam, Dasappa and Siddalingayya saw Mahatma Gandhi and are seeing him again tomorrow, before leaving for Bangalore in the evening. The deputation also met Dr. Rajendra Prasad today.

Mian Ittikaruddin, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, who was here to have personal discussions with Mahatma Gandhi left for Lahore tonight. He is understood to have wired the Montgomery Jail hunger-strikers asking them to give up their fast.—A. P.

THREE ARTS HONOUR SIR RADHAKRISHNAN

A very interesting function took place on Thursday night, when the 3 Arts Circle held its dinner in honour of Sir S. Radhakrishnan at the Taj Mahal Hotel. A large and distinguished gathering representative of all communities was present. After a welcome song, "Hail India", composed and sung by Sagar, Atiya Begum welcomed Sir Radhakrishnan. She pointed out how religion was being exploited in India for wrong ends and was identified by many with fanaticism, humbug and hooliganism, how politics had degenerated and how a wrong system of education and the refusal to permit woman to play her proper part in society had retarded the progress of the country. She urged the importance of the arts in the life of the people. Mr. A. A. Fyzee said that Sir Radhakrishnan was the interpreter of the East to the world.

Mrs. Kulsoom Khan said that the politicians and leaders of the country had, unlike those of other nations, never invited the women of India to co-operate with them. She was sure that if Sir Radhakrishnan took up their cause he would be able to show to this country in particular and to the world in general that peace and plenty could be achieved only through the co-operation of women.

WHERE TRUE ART RESIDES

Sir Radhakrishnan agreed with Atiya Begum that religion and politics were being exploited for ignoble ends all over the world and it was the duty of all those who understood what true religion was to see that this exploitation was ended. The question was often asked if the spirit lived after the death of the body. Whether the spirit lived after death or not, what they should concern themselves with was to see that the spirit did not die while the body was alive, as was the case with most of them. True art and culture did not reside in academies and museums but in the daily life of the people and the purpose of art and culture was to enable men and women to deepen and illumine their lives and surround their daily avocations and environments with beauty.

Miss Piloo Nanavaiy moved a vote of thanks to Sir Radhakrishnan.

A delightful programme of entertainment was then gone through. The items included a scene from "Daughter of Ind", Temple Sadhus' Bhajan, an Apsara Dance by Miss Prema, Temple Dance by Miss Shama, Miss Hema and Miss Prema, Kutthak Nautch and Ghoomer (Marwari dance) by Miss Usha Manohar. "Packed Away", a comedy was a rollicking funk and effectively played by Raj (son of Prithviraj) and Raj. Prithviraj himself gave moving renderings of "Mark Anthony" and "Shylock". The last item of the programme was a beautiful song sung by Sagar. Lady Ratan Tata gave away prizes to the performers. The prizes were donated by Sir Victor Sassoon.

NEW YORK COTTON FOUR POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH
New York, November 13

Previous closing	16.29
To-day's opening	16.26
Difference	—03
To-day's closing	16.33
Difference	+04

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 237

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, November 13

New York cotton was slightly easier today following lack of constructive news from Washington while prevailing uncertainties over labour situation was also a deterrent.

Trading in March began at 16.26 i.e. 3 points lower than the last closing.

Prices declined on increased outside pressure, liquidation, and Wall Street selling.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

December (16.26/25) 16.10/10
March (16.47/45) 16.26/26
May (16.53/53) 16.32/32

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, November 13

SEEDS

Castorseeds November/December (£20 quoted) £20 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta November/December (£20 quoted) £20 quoted
Linseed La Plata November (£13 1/4 quoted) £13 1/4 quoted
Groundnut Coromandal Coast Nov/Dec (£19 quoted) £19 quoted

JUTES

Dundee October/November unquoted
Lightning October/November unquoted

RUBBER

Spot unquoted
Forward December unquoted

LONDON METALS

Tin (£257 1/4 buyers; £257 1/2 sellers. Firm) £258 1/2 buyers; £259 sellers. Firm.
Electric Copper (£52) £12
Lead (£25 £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, November 13

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, November 13

5 per cent 1958/68 £104 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £82 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 7/16
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 13/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 1/2
New York Loan £101 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £113 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 16-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-7
Electric Music Industry 13-3
Princhin Johnson 22-7
Imperial Chemical 33-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary 59-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £75
Dundee 38-3
Unilever Ordinary 27-1
Ford Motors 24-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £68 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 13/16
Carreas 'A' £5 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 3/8
P and O Def 29-7
Distillers 71-0
Bredfords Dye 7-9
British Celanese 6-10
J and P Coates 37-7
Courtaulds Ordinary 34-9
Fine Cotton Spinners 5-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary 17-7
Inter Nickel dol 41 3/4
Indian Iron 51-10

TEA SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber 18-1
Donaro Tea 32-5
Empire of India 20-0

JUTE

Barnagore £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber 16-4
Guia Kelampong 15-7
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 28-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 17-9
Burma Corporation 6-4
Rio Tintos £6 1/4
East Rand Properties £2 3/16
Rand Mines £7 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £10 3/8
Associated Portland Cement 49-4
Trinidad Leasehold 70
Sub Nigel £7 1/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/16
Union Corporation 152-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 33-9
Anglo India 41-10
Burma Oil £3 1/32
Mexican Eagle 12-0
Shell Transport £2 3/4
Royal Dutch £23

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £40
London Midland Ordinary £15 1/2
London North Eastern Def £1 3/4
London Southern Defd £13 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent £129 1/2
London Transport £40

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Quiet

CALCUTTA, November 12

Calcutta Stock Exchange generally ruled quiet. Jutes continued a quiet market, while coals, cottons and teas ruled firm. The speculative Engineering issues as well as the favourite miscellaneous stocks ruled easier. Government securities continued firm and unchanged.

Government securities: 3 per cent Govt. Paper 1896/97 or later Rs. 82/11; 3 per cent Defence Bonds 1946 102/3; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 96; 3 per cent United Provinces Loan 1952 99/2; 3 per cent Punjab Loan 1949 99/12; 3 per cent Madras Loan 1952 99/4.

Banks: Imperial Bank of India fully paid Rs. 1618/8; Imperial Bank of India Contributory 400; Reserve Bank of India 107/12.

Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk Rs. 5/7; Bowreah 585; Cawnpore Textile 10/4; Elgin Mills Ord 30/4.

Coals: Amalgamated Rs 27/14; Bengal 404/8; Equitable 39; North Damuda 6/7; Pench Valley 35; Raneegunge 32/4; West Jamuria 32/10.

Jutes: Anglo India Rs. 410/8; Bally 282/8; Barnagore 127/8; Champdany 215; Empire 33/8; Gourepore 763; Howrah 63/2; Kamarhatty 583; Kinison 793; Reliance 65/9

Minings: Burma Corporation Rs. 4/8; Consolidated Tin 2/10; Indian Copper Corporation 2/4

Engineering Companies: Bhartia Electric Steel Rs. 17/11 ex-right; Burn and Co ord 400 ex-div; Indian Iron and Steel ord 34/3; Steel Corporation of Bengal ord 20/12; Steel Corporation of Bengal Pref 123.

Miscellaneous: Alkali and Chemical ord Rs. 20/11; Aluminium Corporation ord 13/6; British India Corporation ord 5; British Burma Petroleum 3/7; Calcutta Tramways ord 17/6; Dalmia Cement ord 14/14; Dunlop Rubber Co ord 42/12; Midnapore Zemindary 72/8; Rohtas Industries ord 24/4

Paper Mills: Bengal Paper Rs. 151; Orient Paper Mills Rs. 17; Titaghur Paper Mills 24/4.

Sugars: Buland Rs. 25/10; Carew and Co 12/8; Champuran 20/8; Purtabpore 11/2; Raza 26.

Teas: Betjan Rs. 33/12; Bishnauth 29/6; Hantapara 4/7; Hasimara 48/8; Giolle 13; Patrakolla 1030/8; Sapoi 13/4.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, November 13

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, November 13

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD
London, November 13

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER
London, November 13

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5) 1-5
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36
London on Shanghai (0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16
London on Kobe not quoted

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, November 13

There was no trading during night session.

New York Stock Exchange

New York, November 13

The following are opening quotations:—
General Motors (dol 37 1/2) dol 36 1/2
Anaconda Copper (unquoted) dol 25 1/2
U S Steel Corporation Common (dol 82 1/2) dol 51 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 117 3/4) unquoted

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: November 13.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/5 1/4 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/5 9/32 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/5 9/32 Four months.
B C RATES:—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 1/8
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4; D D Rs. 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2; D D Rs. 328 1/2
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 295 3/4
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56.
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 1/2 1/2
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 15.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs 155
Cross Rates Sh. 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T Rs 86 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs 81 1/2
Cross Rates Sh. 1/3 1/32
SHANGHAI:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 0-3 3/16
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes. 19.5 21.5
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99 80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call unquoted
1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent
3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent
9 months 3/4 per cent
Tone:—Very easy.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: November 13

Yarn No.	December	February	April
6 1/2s	214	215	216
10 1/2s	240	241	242
20 1/2s	363 1/2	373	369
40s	555	560	565

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: November 13

Wheat January	0 5 0
Wheat May	0 12 6
Linseed May	0 15 6
Silver 1st settlement	0 8 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 12 0
Gold 1st settlement	0 10 0
Gold 2nd instalment	1 0 0

SEEDS MARKET CLOSED

Bombay: November 13.

The local Seeds Market was closed owing to the death of a member of the Seeds Traders' Association.

London Stock Exchange

London: November 12.

The London Stock Exchange was firm, being favourably influenced by Churchill's speech despite moderate turnover. Gilt-edgeds were dullish. Home Rails again improved. Industrials and Shippings were brighter following Churchill's confirmation of lower sinking figures. Breweries and Tobaccos were the heaviest firmer, but Rayons reacted due to profit-taking, whilst Trinidad issues ruled prominent among Oils. Kaffirs advanced for the Cape local support. Foreign Bonds continued upgrade. Brazilian, Chilean and Japanese closing upto one and a half points higher. The Wall Street market was dull.

Use Of Short Staple Cotton

NEW DELHI, November 13

The possibilities of extending the use of short staple cotton are under examination by the standing committee on specifications, cotton textiles, directorate, said Sir H. P. Mody in reply to a short notice question in the Assembly this morning on the use of this cotton in the making of tents and newars.

The Supply Member added:—"Short staple cotton is already used in 2/10s counts in newars and to a small proportion in ropes. If its use is further extended by adoption of coarser counts which matter is under examination the price of yarn may go down, but the net saving would not be appreciable as it may be necessary to use thicker rope to retain the strength required.

"If the Charkha could economically and expeditiously deal with the volume of spinning required, spinning mills would be correspondingly relieved, but as it is they are employed on this work only to a very small extent. A large proportion of newar is already handwoven."

SECOND DAY OF FIRST WINTER MEETING

ACCEPTANCES, FOR SATURDAY'S RACES

The following are the Acceptances, Weights and Order of Running for the Second Day of the First Bombay Winter Meeting, to be run at Mahalaxmi, to-morrow:—

THE HOPEFUL PLATE. (Div. I.)—Distance 1 Mile.

Sheriff 9-0, Mujbil Hamid 9-0, Shanghai 8-12, Saif al Muluk 8-12, Prince Faisal 8-12, Alwar 8-12, Musafir 8-6, Jaishri 8-6, And al Iraq 8-6, Ushama 8-6, Hilal Salam 8-6, Mahbub Khalaf 7-11.

THE HOPEFUL PLATE (Div. II).—Distance 1 Mile.

Star Brilliant 9-2, Latiff Hassun 8-12, Canter 8-12, Sahran 8-10, Good Boy 8-10, Hatim Tay 8-6, Kuhailan Anwah 8-6, Qa'id al Furat 8-6, Prince Mahmud 8-1, Prince Hachim 8-1, Prince Suri 7-11.

THE LAHORE PLATE (Div. II).—Distance 5 Furlongs.

Forget Me Not 8-4, Liberty 8-4, Highland Lassie 8-4, Diana 8-4, Film Star 8-4, Mohanmala 8-4, Sailor's Gift 8-4, Mysore Flower 8-4, Quick March 8-4, Mehjabin 8-4, Church Bell 8-4, Pashwanji 8-4.

Note:—No allowance can be claimed in this Race.

THE LAHORE PLATE (Div. I).—Distance 5 Furlongs.

Highland Reel 8-7, Scotish Mist 8-7, Falcon 8-7, Playwright 8-7, Steel Blue 8-7, Quisling 8-7, Pierre 8-7, Manmohan 8-7, Firoz Jung 8-7, Bevin Boy 8-7, Rebel 8-7, Money Gold 8-7, Kunigal 8-7.

Note:—No allowance can be claimed in this Race.

THE COOPERAGE HANDICAP—Distance 1 Mile 1 Furlong.

Tiger King 9-4, Maharani's Choice 9-2, Tamim al Khair 9-2, Rabdan 9-1, Gaurishanker 8-11, Marshal 8-9, Legion II 8-11, Nassar 8-6, Sallal Pasha 8-2, Saif Bahadur 8-2, Subhi Jazira 8-1, Spitfire 8-1, Star of Kashmir 7-13, Romantic Prince 7-8, Muwaffaq al Ilah 7-7, Dalli al Iraq 7-5.

THE AUCKLAND PARK PLATE (Div. II)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Brother Scribe 9-4, Advance 9-0 Cessation 8-7, Floatalon 8-7, Haut Ton 8-6, Lord Clarion 8-4, A La Grande 8-0, Gold Gainer 7-11, Tiger Kid 7-11, Wonderful 7-11, How's That 7-7, Alan-a-Dale 7-7, Rose Apple 7-7.

THE WELLINGTON PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

National Flag 9-2, Coeur De Lion 9-2, Usk 9-0, Gay Talkie 8-10, Talma 8-7, Leander 8-7, Greetings 8-7, Moot Law 8-4, Glory of Kolhapur 8-0, Doctrine 7-9, Ballinahown 7-7, Nuit-de-Noel 7-7.

Note:—No allowance can be claimed in this Race.

THE REDCAR PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile 1 Furlong.

Highland Sprig 9-0, Elilaw 8-11, Fortune Hunter 8-7, High Lights 8-6, King of Sports 8-6, Serene Highness 8-4, Sauce Anglaise 8-4 Linguaphone 8-2, Bisharin 8-2 Talk 8-0, Fairhurst 8-0, Ratepayer 8-0, Enjeu 8-0, Tipperary 7-11 Tatter-Sol 7-9, Multyfarnham 7-9, Brelan 7-5.

THE AUCKLAND PARK PLATE (Div. I).—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Katipo 9-4, Ginger Boy 9-2, Ratifier 9-0, Night Reveller 8-9, Romney's Girl 8-9, Tregenna 8-4, Panna Prince 8-4, Honor M. 8-2, Gallo 8-2, Manners 8-0, Royal Talent 8-0, Suryakumar 7-12, Ecstasy 7-7.

TRACK NOTES

The following gallops have been noted for the Second Winter Meeting:—

MOOT LAW (Evans) was ahead of NORTHERN LIGHTS (Jadhav) when covering a mile on the tan in 1 min. 52 secs. Both were not extended.

HIGH LIGHTS (Brace) and RATEPAYER (R. B.) covered a mile on the tan at good pace. They covered the last three furlongs in 37 secs.

SURYA KUMAR (Sibbritt) easily held CESSATION (R. B.) and MANNERS (R. B.) when covering six furlongs on the inner grass in 1min. 18 1|5 secs.

PANNA PRINCE (Magan Singh) had a break of two lengths from NIGHT REVELLER (Jadhav) when doing six furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 19 1|2 secs.

FIRDOUSE (Md. Khan) finished ahead of BEVIN BOY (Y. S. Khan) when covering six furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 21 1|5 secs.

HAUT TON (Meekings) was sent over five furlongs on the tan and clocked 1 min. 5 secs. to complete the distance.

FAIZ (Jones) shaped better than HONOR M. (S. Rao) and clocked 1 min. 21 1|5 secs. to cover six furlongs on the tan.

NATIONAL FLAG (Britt) asserted superiority over GREETINGS (Marrable) when competing over seven furlongs on the tan. They took 1 min. 32 1|5 secs. to cover the distance.

FIROZ JUNG (S. Chavan) had advantage over KOHINOOR (Deva Singh) when covering six furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 23 secs.

MULTYFARNHAM (Raffaele) easily held TALK (R. B.) in a mile gallop on the tan and clocked 1 min. 47 1|5 secs.

SNAPPER (Maxwell) held ZAHIR (N. Dawood) when covering seven furlongs on the inner grass. The distance was covered in 1 min. 43 1|5 secs.

TIGER KING (Raffaele) finished ahead of PRINCE HILAL (R. B.) when covering seven furlongs on the inner grass in 1 min. 29 1|5 secs.

HATIM TAY (B. MacQuade) proved superior of KUHAILAN ANWAH (Jadhav). They completed a mile on the inner grass in 1 min. 58 1|5 secs.

LINGUAPHONE (Roberts) held HOW'S THAT (B. MacQuade) when covering 6 furlongs on the tan from 9 to 3 in 1 min. 20 secs.

MONEY GOLD (Britt) was on tight-reins when defeating DILAWAR (Marrable). They completed five furlongs on the tan in 1 min 5 4|5 secs.

BISHARIN (Marrable) and MORADABAD (Britt) were tried over a mile on the tan. They were not extended and covered the distance in 1min. 52 secs.

EASTERN PRIDE (Burn) was ahead of SAUCE ANGLAISE (U. Singh) and SPOT LIGHT (A. Ahmed) when covering a mile on the inner grass in 1 min. 48 1|5 secs

PLAY WRIGHT (Jadhav) held FALCON (Ht. Md.) in a gallop over five furlongs on the tan. The distance was covered in 1 min. 7 secs.

'D' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

An urgent meeting of the Satyagrahis and workers of 'D' Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. at the Ward Office in Congress House to celebrate the birthday anniversary of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and to give a send-off to Sjt. Dhirajlal N. Pandya who is going to offer Satyagraha on Saturday, November 15.

Yarn And Silk Merchants Quotations

Bombay: November 13

	Rs. a. p.
64/2 Koru Nissin—	
Spot	35 8 0
November	36 11 0
84/2 Koru Nissin—	
Spot	39 6 0
November	40 0 0
62/2 Any—	
Spot	3 8 3
November	3 0 2
80/2 Any—	
Spot	3 11 3
November	3 11 9
150 Any—	
Spot	3 0 0
November	3 0 0

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay: November 13

467- bales cotton, 1654 bags gum, 330 bls Wattle bark, 197 cases brandy, 120 cases Angostura bitters, 46 bls bacon, 68 pkgs ivory, 138 bags Trepang 5334 bags crude asbestos, 925 bags Fluor spar, 81 cases confectionery, 2107 bags cloves, 2704 bags sugar, 70 bags soap nuts, 160 drums wax, 1450 dms P wax, 9075 cases candles, 296031 pcs and bdls teakwood.

EXPORTS

1194 bags myrabollams C Jivanlal and Co; 132 bags gum Nemchand Premchand and Co; 30 bags gum E Manji and Co; 10 bs tanned cowhides Faiz and Co; 10 pots palma rosa oil E Manji and Co; 100 bales raw wool K Esmail; 141 bags roots (drugs unmfd) E Manji and Co; 58 bags gr nut oil cake expeller Raja Oil Mills; 70 bales rawwool H B Chawda and Sons; 250 bales goat hair Doongersey and Sons; 20 cases bristles David Namdar; 44 bales cotton grey yarn D Essabhoy.

This is Mopsy!

For Women Only!

REGINE—"Women are also people."

MALABAR—Where woman is the boss and the mother-in-law problem has been successfully liquidated.

YOUR HANDS, MADAM—An all-important problem now that winter is here.

MOPSY—Soon your friends will be asking you about this saucy little lady who appears every week in the Sunday edition of

The Bombay Chronicle

SUNDAY, NOV. 16

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

Here is a letter I received on November 6th. I feel it ought to be published.

"Dear——

I suppose a few British Europeans must have come across your latest effort in the "Bombay Chronicle" to rake up something which would indicate how prejudiced racially the British are, the medium this time being a Poppy Day Appeal letter. A proportion of the few may further have been irritated to think of the harm capable of being done by a man with a first class English education feeding the minds of those Indians, less privileged, through the columns of a nationalist newspaper, with ideas of British inhumanity and ingratitude. Not many, however, will have the time to write to you, the proportion of British European civilians unrecruited to the services, being what it is to-day, and still fewer are likely to write to the Editor of the "Chronicle", as publicity is only desirable in journalism for those whose career depends on it. Nor, I hear, do you like, among many other things, people who write letters to the Editor, nor do I for that matter.

The main point, in my opinion, of the Poppy Day Appeal letter is that it is addressed to loyal British subjects, such persons presumably being aware of how much they owe to British soldiers and British rule and hence able to tolerate the fact that this is a single appeal for British families out of the very many we see and support connected with national charities. In spite of the misgivings as to Indian loyalty this War must have given to many such as myself, I still like to think there are very many here in India who wish us well for ourselves. The money of those who think otherwise might not be so welcome in a stricken English home were it to be known the spirit in which it was given. Possibly, as you say, donations will be less generous as the result of this year's "revelation", but I imagine your observations in the "Chronicle" will have the greater effect in reducting what the needy receive following November 11th 1941. Is that what you have been out to do? If so, then you have achieved one more step in what appears to be your avowed task to alienate yours and my countrymen.

As for the Indian soldier, he's a fine fellow of himself—whether or not trained and led by the British; make your appeal for him specifically and I for one will still answer it.

Yours truly..."

* * *

Another Half Column Readers sends suggestions for me to pass on to the All-India Radio:

1. Why not have messages broadcast to relatives and friends stranded in France during the French broadcast after 11 P.M. I.S.T.? If proper contact can be arranged, A.I.R. may even charge Rs. 10/- for 3 minutes and pass it on to the War Fund.....
2. With 2 and 3 wavelengths now available, why not more European music broadcast for those listeners who do not understand Indian music specially from 6 to 9 Pip Emma?.....
3. Get more and livelier children for the Children's Hour? The present fare is putrid and neither entertains nor elevates the children.
4. Give more outside Broadcasts with so many ships coming in and so many men passing through?"

BUY
DEFENCE BONDS
•
Space donated by the
TAJ

Hitch Cock Thriller At Pathe

"Jamaica Inn" a magnificent nethriller based on a story by Daphe du Maurier and directed by Alfred Hitchcock, the author-director combination which was responsible for the highly successful "Rebecca", will be shown at the Pathe Cinema on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Charles Laughton the star, is seen in another powerful characterization.

FOREIGN FILMS THIS WEEK

Scenes from 'Here Comes Mr. Jordan' at New Empire and 'At The Rose Villa' at Excelsior.

'HOLD THAT GHOST' AT REGAL

Bud Abbott And Lou Costello Again

Bud Abbott and Lou Costello have done it again! Following up their sensational successes in Universal's "Buck Privates" and Abbott and Costello and Dick Powell in the Navy, these two stellar comedians crash the screen with even more hilarious performances in the same company's "Hold That Ghost", which comes to Regal on Friday.

Equipped with even a more diverting story thread than the earlier Abbott and Costello vehicles, and carrying a more imposing supporting cast and an elaborately impressive mounting, "Hold That Ghost" is probably destined to surpass even the enormous grosses piled up by Universal's Army and Navy laugh-jerkers.

Featured in the big player roster, in

Joan Davis in 'Hold That Ghost' at Regal.

addition to Abbott and Costello, are such important marquee "names" as Richard Carlson, Joan Davis, Mischa Auer, Evelyn Ankers, Shemp Howard, the Andrews Sisters and Ted Lewis and his orchestra.

That Abbott and Costello are destined to hold for some time to come the high cinematic positions they have so suddenly gained, is clearly demonstrated by their rip-roaring contributions to this newest Universal hit. They definitely are solid entertainers with a broad appeal for the masses.

This time Bud and Lou, operators of a gas station, accidentally become entangled with a gangster and just as accidentally become, his heirs. Their chief inheritance is a long-abandoned and supposedly haunted tavern, headquarters for rum-runners and gamblers during the prohibition era.

"Hold That Ghost" opens in a new night club, where Ted Lewis and his orchestra and the Andrews Sisters are supplying the entertainment, and where Abbott and Costello, weary of the dreariness of their business, get jobs as relief waiters. Lewis and the Andrews Sisters sing several song numbers in the nitery scenes and in the garden party sequence that brings the feature's final fade.

Mystery Film By A. E. W Mason At Excelsior

You will forget all your troubles in seeing one of the most absorbing mystery stories ever written by a master of the craft: this is A. E. W. Mason's "At The Villa Rose", which comes to the Excelsior theatre to-day.

The opening of the story is most ingeniously presented. We are introduced to the facts and clues of the case, a wealthy old lady murdered during a spiritualist seance and the persons concerned. Then Inspector Hanaud proceeds to unravel a story that holds interest without a break right up to the final arrest, in itself a complete surprise.

Keneth Kent is Hanaud, an excellent rendering of a most colourful character. Judy Kelly gives further proof of her abilities as a dramatic actress and Antoinette Cellier, Peter Murray Hill and Walter Rilla round off the cast of a gripping, skilful picture.

"HERE COMES MR. JORDAN" AT EMPIRE

Robert Montgomery In Romantic Role

A great comedy of the year—great because it departs completely from the beaten track, because it possesses hilarious imagination and a background of deep emotion, because its actor and the characters they play are magnificent, and memorable, comes to the New Empire to-day. The film is Columbia's sensational "Here Comes Mr. Jordan."

Robert Montgomery, in one of the most unusual roles ever brought to the screen, is superbly starred in the amazingly amusing new comedy. Appearing in major support are Claude Rains, Evelyn Keyes, James Gleason, Rita Johnson, Edward Everett Horton and John Emery. The film was directed by Alexander Hall, from a screen play by Sidney Buchman and Seton I. Miller.

"Here Comes Mr. Jordan" is a picture filled with laughter, with romance and thrills. Its hilarity is predicted upon a situation which, while it bears re-telling now and for years to come, should really be seen to be appreciated. The film must be seen from the very beginning.

Robert Montgomery appears as a chap named Joe, who has an unsuperable ambition. His efforts to attain that ambition are aided by sympathetic understanding Mr. Jordan, a character delightfully real when portrayed by Claude Rains. James Gleason contributes a stand-out comedy performance, greater in effect than even his magnificent work in "Meet John Doe", while Edward Everett Horton is similarly valuable as a somewhat impatient fuddy-duddy, of the type he has made a by-word on the screen. lovely Evelyn Keyes, in the romantic lead proves herself an actress of remarkable ability heading for immediate stardom.

CAPITOL SCREENS 'THE SEA WOLF'

Edward G. Robinson, Ida Lupino and John Garfield head the cast of "The Sea Wolf" Warner Bros. screen version of the famous Jack London novel, which comes to the Capitol on Friday.

"The Sea Wolf" is a powerful story of life aboard the hellship "Ghost" where Wolf Larsen ruled the lives (and often the deaths) of the men in his shanghaied crews. Into this milieu comes a frightened young girl who is fleeing from prison and a sensitive young author, picked up from the wreck of a San Francisco ferry. The impact of this pair upon the oddly assorted crew of "The Ghost" makes a dramatic and memorable story, which finds its perfect medium in film.

A tender and highly unusual love story is woven through the powerful action, with Ida Lupino and John Garfield as the sweethearts. Robinson, of course, portrays Larsen, Alexander Knox, a very promising screen newcomer, plays the role of the young author, and Barry Fitzgerald, one of the screen's most brilliant character actors, plays "Cookiem" a sniveling slimy coward who fawningly reports to Larsen everything that goes on among the other members of the crew.

"TOPPER RETURNS" AT PALACE

Hal Roach's third picture in his famous Topper series is the brilliantly produced and directed mystery-comedy called "Topper Returns", which is being shown at Palace this week. This latest Roach offering carries the famous characters created by the late Thorne Smith into further laugh-packed channels of fun and hilarity. The production contains an excellent blend of mystery and comedy, with crackling dialogue, eerie situations and spell-binding action. It was smartly directed by Roy Del Ruth and keeps the audience nailed to its seats with suspense interspersed with punchy humour.

Roland Young and Billie Burke are back as Cosmo Topper and his wife respectively, the roles in which they scored in the two preceding "Topper" pictures. Joan Blondell is seen as the lovely spirit that haunts Topper and gets him into many hilarious situations. Carole Landis and Denis O'Keefe head the supporting cast. The story concerns the mysterious death of a girl, played by Joan Blondell. Joan has the power to materialize and dematerialize at will, so she turns up to find out her own murderer and to haunt the scene of the crime. She is, however, a ghost addicted to practical jokes and a liking for champagne and manages to get her host into a series of hard-to-explain situations.

ROBINSON, RAFT AND DIETRICH

Starred In 'Manpower' At Metro

Edward G. Robinson, Marlene Dietrich and George Raft, are featured in the Warner, Brothers' film 'Manpower' coming from Friday (to-day) at Metro. You can imagine the action and excitement that sweeps through the film when those three get together!

Robinson and Raft play the roles of a couple of robust linemen whose dangerous job it is to repair broken high tension wires. They are great pals, sharing each other's happiness and trouble, until a blonde, played by alluring Marlene Dietrich, comes along. Hard, cold and calculating, she suspects Robinson of having ulterior motives when he showers her with gifts and shows his affection in many ways. But Robinson is sincere. He has never

Marlene Dietrich in 'Manpower' at Metro.

known the love of a woman and Dietrich becomes his ideal.

Raft sees her for what she is and tells Robinson to forget about her. He says that she has gold-digger's blood in her veins and will bring nothing but trouble to Robinson. Raft goes still further. He asks Dietrich to drop Robinson. That sends her into a rage and she accepts Robinson's marriage proposal partly because she feels sorry for him and partly to spite the embittered Raft.

But a marriage built on spite and pity is bound to have disastrous results. Try as she may, Dietrich can't get used to Robinson's well-meaning, but clumsy ways. To make things worse, she falls head-over-heels for Raft!

What a set-up! The pent-up emotions of those three characters run through their hearts with the power of a high-voltage cable... Robinson idolizing Dietrich... Raft at first contemptuous of her, later fascinated by her confession of love for him... Dietrich, nearly driven to madness with her pretended love for Robinson, having to listen to him continually praise the man she really loves. It's a situation loaded with explosives and it explodes in the high-powered climax.

SUNDAY SHOW AT REGAL

"Rio" with Sigrid Gurie, Victor McLaglen and Basil Rathbone will be screened at Regal on Sunday morning at 10-30 a.m.

SUNDAY SHOW AT CAPITOL

On Sunday morning at 10-30 a.m. "The Life of Louis Pasteur" with Paul Muni will be shown at Capitol.

SUNDAY SHOW AT METRO

On Sunday morning at 10 a.m. Robert Taylor and Vivien Leigh in Metro Goldwyn Mayer's immortal "Waterloo Bridge."

Council Of State

Passes Four Bills Passed By Assembly

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

Four bills as passed by the Legislative Assembly were passed by the Council of State this morning.

There were two bills further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, the bill to amend the Factories Act and the Bill to Regulate the Employment of Women in Mines for a certain period before and after child-birth and to provide for payment of maternity benefit to them.

The first three bills were passed without any amendment.

During the consideration of the Mines Maternity Benefit Bill, Mr. P. N. Sapru suggested that the total period of maternity benefit of a woman worker in a mine should be extended from two months to three months, namely six weeks before and six weeks after child-birth. This was, he pointed out, the period laid down in the draft Convention adopted by the International Labour Conference in 1919. He said that the women who were entitled to the maternity benefit in any mine were extremely few and considering that the wage of a woman worker was always less than that of a male worker, the cost of production on account of the extension of maternity benefit to three months would not be significant.

NCON'S OBJECTION

Sir Firoz Khan Noon, while sympathising with the suggestion, pointed out that the number of child-bearing women employed in mines was very small and considering the competition and cheapness of labour in India, if the period of maternity was extended as suggested, mine-owners might altogether stop employing child-bearing women, he said that in the matter of such legislation it was desirable to proceed by small degrees.

After a minor drafting amendment moved by Mr. S. A. Lal had been accepted, the bill was passed.

The Council also passed a resolution moved by Sir Alan Lloyd recommending amendment of the Auditor's Certificate Rules in such manner as to admit of the enrolment on the register of accountants of a restricted certificate holder who does not possess the normal qualifications for enrolment but satisfies the Central Government that he is a fit person to be enrolled.

Earlier, Mr. R. R. Haddow was declared elected to the Standing Committee attached to the Department of Supply in the place of Sir Henry Richardson, who had resigned from the Council of State.

The Council then adjourned till Monday, November 17.—A. P.

Kazaks Lay Down Arms

SRINAGAR, Nov. 12.

Government despatched troops to Kashmir-Tibet border to deal with Kazaks there, should they attempt to enter the State territory and behave in the manner in which they were reported to be doing in Tibet, states a press note issued by the Jammu and Kashmir State Government.

The note adds: A clash occurred between the Kazaks and the State troops on October 6, in which the Kazaks suffered six casualties. There was no casualty among the State troops.

Thereafter, the Kazaks started negotiations and offered to lay down their arms on the condition that they would be permitted passage through Ladakh and Kashmir into British India, where they wanted to go, as, they stated, they were driven out of their country five years ago and could not go back there. The Wazir of Ladakh, who was at Danchuk, the frontier-post between the State and Tibet, accepted their surrender and promised them passage. The Kazaks surrendered all their arms and ammunition and were allowed to enter the State territory in an orderly manner and to travel to Leh and then to Kashmir "en route" to British India. The whole band of the Kazaks is under 3,000.

Since their entry into the State the Kazaks behaved in a peaceful and inoffensive manner. Government have taken necessary precautions against their committing any mischief during their travel through the State.—United Press.

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Countless thousands of people who have found new health through "Ovaltine" are to-day regular users of this supreme tonic food beverage – not only do they enjoy its delicious goodness but they realize that a cup morning and night is the surest safeguard of health.

Prepared from the highest qualities of Nature's finest tonic foods—ripe barley malt and fresh, creamy cow's milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins —"Ovaltine" is a complete and perfect food, and is unequalled for restoring health after sickness. Its continued regular use ensures the maintenance of vigorous health and strength. But remember, there is only one "Ovaltine" —imitations cannot compare with it for quality, value or flavour. Reject substitutes!

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HOUSE OF CRAZY MIRRORS 10¢
HAW-HAW!
HA-HA! HO-HO!
HAW-HAW! I WAS JUST IN TO SEE MYSELF IN THE CRAZY MIRRORS! THEY SURE MAKE YA LOOK FUNNY! HA-HA!
DID YOU SPEND A DIME FOR THAT?
SURE! WHY?
C'MERE!
THERE! HAVE A GOOD LAUGH FREE!
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Dear Sirs,—This is an unsolicited testimonial, and I would vouch for the truthfulness of same in any court of justice. I have always been one that is very sceptical about any patent medicines.

I am 60 years of age, always been accustomed to hard, strenuous work, and up to five or six years ago had the best of health. Since then I have had a tremendous lot of stomach trouble (Gastric), and I got it in my head it might be something worse. I got little relief, so decided to try "YEAST-VITE", and I can honestly state that everything you say about them is perfectly true. I am now feeling that life is worth-living.

I should have no hesitation in recommending them. I have now always a good appetite, lost that tired weary feeling, and can eat and digest anything you like. They undoubtedly act on the system with the best results. I strongly advise anyone who is run down to give them a fair trial.

I have never written a testimonial in my life, but I thought it my duty to let you know how well I now feel. Someone may read this and benefit by it. Anyone who is feeling worn out should try "YEAST-VITE". Results I am not afraid of. You are at liberty to advertise these true plain facts.

Signed G. D.

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NARROW TRADING IN SHARES

Small Realising Meets Moderate Support

SESSION CLOSES STEADY

Bombay: November 13.

The local Share Bzar was quiet to-day with moderate realising and buyers were quietly watching developments. Selling pressure was small and particularly cotton mill shares were offered. After great activity during the early part of the week cotton gold and other seeds markets were quiet and naturally the Share Bazar was quietly steady.

The Wall Street market was easy under the influence of labour discontent. U. S. Steel shares declined 7/8 at 51 1/4. Anaconda Copper Mining shares closed 1/2 down at 25 1/2, while General Motors were unchanged at 35 5/8 dollars.

In the local market Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2190 and declined to Rs. 2172. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 410 and sagged to Rs. 406. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1415 and were done at Rs. 1411. Century shares opened at Rs. 484 and were quiet at Rs 480. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 583 and declined to Rs. 575. Later on there was renewed buying and the lost ground was recovered and the market was steady.

TEXTILES

Bombay, Nov. 13.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	.....	378 0
25u	BOMBAY DYEING	.....	1420 0
100	CENTURY	.....	485 0
100	Colaba	.....	251 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	.....	45. 0
100	Coorla	.....	149 0
250	David	.....	330 0
250	Dawn	.....	560 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd.	.....	3 3 9
100	FINLAY	.....	294 0
100	GOKAK	.....	285 0
1000	Hindustan	.....	2000 0
100	Indore	.....	251 0
100	Khatau	.....	265 0
100	KOHINOOR	.....	582 0
250	LAXMI	.....	712 0
100	MORARJI	.....	595 0
250	Model	.....	238 0
50	MYSORE	.....	132 0
200	NEW GREAT	.....	370 0
100	Oosmanshahi	.....	149 0
100	Podar	.....	243 0
100	Phoenix	.....	482 0
25	Sassoon Silk	.....	95 8
1000	Sholapur	.....	5145 0
50	SIMPLEX	.....	196 0
100	SWADESHI	.....	497 0
100	SWAN	.....	319 0
500	Vishnu	.....	1565 0
1000	Western	.....	1720 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	.....	118 0
25-50	Central	.....	54 0
500	Imperial	.....	1625 0
125-500	Imp. Cont'y.	.....	400 0
50-100	India	.....	149 0
100	Reserve Bank	.....	108 0
5	Union	.....	7 7 0

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	.....	166 0

INSURANCE

10-50	British India	.....	13 0
100	Empire	.....	727 0
15-100	Jupiter	.....	17 0
20	Mercantile	.....	74 8
15-75	New India	.....	55 0
200	Oriental	.....	4555 0
10-50	Vulcan	.....	10 12

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old	.....	188 0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	.....	1782 0
10	Ajmer	X.D.	12 14
50	BOMBAY TRAM	X.D.	151 0
100	Bombay Suburban	.....	188 2
10	Broach	.....	13 6
100	Karachi	.....	211 4
100	Poona	.....	217 8
100	Surat	.....	190 0
1000	TATA HYDRO	...	185 0
1000	TATA POWER	...	1797 0

RAILWAYS

530	Ahmedabad Prantij	.....	885 0
100	C Province	.....	109 0
100	Dhond Baramati	.....	104 4
100	Gujarat	.....	105 0
100	Mandra Bhon	.....	109 0
100	Pachora Jamner	.....	99 8
100	Sara Sirajganj	.....	107 0
500	Tapti Valley X.D	.....	643 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corp.	.....	4 8
8sh	Indian Copper	.....	2 3 0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	.....	34 2
10	SHIVRAJPUR	.....	47 0
10	Mucund Iron X.D.	.....	14 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	.....	2187 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD	.....	410 8
100	Steel Corporation	...	20 12

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	.....	645 0
10	Air Services	.....	2 14
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	.....	253 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	.....	550 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	.....	480 0
125	B. Burma	.....	852 0
50	Burma Contry.	.....	179 0
8sh.	Br. B Petrol	.....	3 8 6
100	IND. BLEACHING	.....	182 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	.....	51 8
100	Indian Radio Def.	.....	605 0
100	Indian Radio Ord	.....	605 0
100	Port Canning	.....	92 4
30	PREMIER Con XD	.....	122 8
15	Scindia	.....	28 12
25	Tata Oil	.....	61 8
10	Tata Chemical	.....	17 12
100	Wimco	.....	255 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c Andhra Valley	.....	1560 0
6	p.c Bombay Steam	.....	327 8
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	.....	84 0
5	p.c Central India (TF)	X.D.	645 0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const 1st	...	122 0
6	1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	...	118 12
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	.....	160 8
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power XD	....	1655 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	.....	216 0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	.....	154 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	.....	746 0

DEBENTURES

3	3/4 p.c Andhra Valley Deb	...	106 12
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	.....	50 2
5	p.c. Morarji	.....	193 4
7	p.c. Sholapur	.....	71 8

Cash quotations were as under:—
BOM DYEING 1307, CENTURY 444, CENTRAL INDIA 387, COLABA 198, FINLAY 240, GOKAK 237 KOHINOOR 504, MORARJI 520 MYSORE 152, NEW GREAT 287 PHOENIX 480, SIMPLEX 150, SWADESHI 427, SWAN 226 ASSOCIATED 162, ANDHRA VLY 1740, BOM TRAM 143, TATA HYDRO 181, TATA POWER 1710 SHIVRAJPUR 36-8, TATA STL DF 2116, TATA STL OR 397, ALCOCK 575, BELAPUR SUGAR 221 BOM STEM 395, BOMBAY BURMA 507, IND BLEACHING 156, PREMIER CONST 110.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: November 13.

Bombay Dyeing (1422/8) 1415 1412 1416 1411 1417 1420
Century (485) 484 480 485 484 485
Central India (449) 444 443 448 451 449 451
Kohinoor (584) 582 579 583 579 582
New Great (369) 367 369 368 370 369 370
Simplex (196) 193 196 194/8 196
Swadeshi (490) 488 485 488 486 490 495 498 495 497
Associated Cement (167) 166 165/12 167/8 166
Tramways Ordinary (151) 151
Tata Hydro (185) 185
Tata Power (1795) 1800 1797
Tata Steel Defd (2187) 2190 2172 2187 2180 2187
Tata Steel Ordinary (410/8) 410 406 409 410/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (154) 154/4
Belapur (260) 255 248 254 253
Bombay Steam (475) 480
Bombay Burma (541) 540 537 551 550 552.

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GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: November 13.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at 168/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02½ to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London spot and forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. There was no business. New York spot silver was also unchanged at 34 3/4 cents. London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 56/10/5. The local market was quietly steady with a restricted business.

Quotations were as under: Gold Silver

Ready	Rs.	43 3 0	63 0 6
Naggar	Rs.	43 4 0	62 14 0
Kotsa	Rs	43 4 0	62 14 0

Sovereigns: Rs. 29/6.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: November 13.

Fine White Java sugar per cwt—
Java Ready from bond Rs. 15/4
African from Bond Rs. 13/8
Shipment June Rs. 11/8 F.B.H.
Shipment September Rs. 10/8 F.B.H.
Indian sugars Ready—
Ordinary Rs. 15 to 15/10
Large grain Rs. 15/12 to 16/8
Tone:—Steady.

Indian Stock Exchange

Bombay: November 13.

The market was inclined to rule quietly steady with limited activity and fluctuations were narrow and dull. Tata Deferreds after opening at 2115 eased off to 2105 but later improved to 2120, finally receding to 2112/8. Tata Ordinaries opened a little lower at 398 and after being quoted at 396 improved to 398/8 reacting again to 397/8. Price movements in textile shares also were rather uninspiring with Bombay Dyeings around 1310. Indian Irons stood at 34/2

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—
Tata Deferreds (2115) 2115 2105 20 12/8
Tata Ordinaries (400) 398 96 98/8 97/8
Tata Ordinary 397/8, Tata Deferred 2112/8 Indian Iron 34/4, Steel Corporation of Bengal 20/12, Bombay Dyeing 1305, Central India 385, Century 443/12 Gokak 233/2, Kohinoor 500, Simplex 159, Andhra Valley 1740, Tata Hydro 180/10, Tata Power 1705, Associated Cement 162/4, Belapur 220, Bombay Burma Old 510.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 13.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/5[illegible] Loan 95-2
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 96-0
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99-13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 100-0
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 103-4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 110-15
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103-13
3 per cent War Bonds 102-0
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 114-10

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-0
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 116
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 127-8

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 110-8
4 per cent M Deb 1947 110-8
5 per cent M Deb 1965 116-8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129-0
6 per cent K P T 1956 130-0

Trend: Steady.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: November 13.

Following a decline of 14 pts in New York cotton futures the local market opened today at Rs. 241 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 243 on small buying. At the rise there was moderate liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 240/4, but with short covering improved to Rs. 241/12. At this level the market steadied and Broach was quoted at Rs. 241/4. The market was hesitant and there was absence of the usual buying urge.

Outside small buying hardened prices to Rs. 243/4 but under renewed selling Broach declined to Rs. 240/12 and steadied at Rs. 241/12. There was a marked absence of professional activity and prices moved up and down with alternate buying and selling. There was renewed selling and prices declined to Rs. 239/4. There was further selling and prices declined to Rs. 237, but recovered to Rs. 238. There was renewed selling and prices declined to Rs. 236/4. The market rallied to Rs. 238 and finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs. 237/12
OOMRA Dec/Janry	Rs. 201/8
OOMRA March	Rs. 193/0
BENGAL Dec/Janry	Rs. 145/0
BENGAL March	Rs. 148/8

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: November 13

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	This year. Since 1st Sept.	Last year
Khandesh		172	988
Central India	90	2,164	22
Barsi and Nagar	535	5,945	1,218
Berar	260	3,864	69
Central Provinces		3,813	.....
Total Oomra	985	16,959	2,297
Dholeras		10,928	1,354
N.-W. Provinces		949	.....
Rajputana		18	.....
Sind-Punjab	1,656	57,403	63,634
Broach	299	7,041	1,017
Coompta and Dharwar	27	4,401	12,041
Westerns-Northerns	334	4,610	11,536
Cocanada			170
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	268	3,439	58
Total	3,470	106,778	92,107
Arrived by road to 30th October 1941		7,000	8,000

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: November 13

F. F. Bales.	1941/42	1940/41
Receipts to date 12-11-41	1561000	1722000
Receipts yesterday 12-11-41	42000	21000
Export to date 7-11-41	309000	397000
Stock at Ports 7-11-41	3361000	3055000
Stock at interior towns do.	3121000	3080000
Quantity in sight 7-11-41	4442000	4520000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: November 13

	Ready.	Delry Contract New. Dec.	Jany.
	Old.		
Bengal Fine	136/39	146	.....
Berar	168/73	... 2	4
C. P. 1	215/18	... +22	+30
C. P. 2	130/83	... .	.....
Khandesh	138/48	... —28	—32
Muglai	156/61	.....	.....
Broach	200/5	.....	.....
Broach Low	165/70	.....	.....

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: November 13

Linseed May	8 15 3
Wheat January	6 10 3
Wheat May	6 13 3

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: November 13

Yellow metal sheet	Rs. 97
Copper sheets	Rs. 94

Tone:—Steady.

HEDGE SELLING IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

Labour Situation Uncertain

RECORD-BREAKING CONSUMPTION WITHOUT EFFECT

Bombay: November 13.

The New York cotton market reopened after Armistice holiday with a steady tone. There was moderate mill price fixing against improvement of Worth Street that is cloth market, but there being no follow up on the buying side prices sagged with increased selling.

There was Southern hedge selling and New Orleans as well as local selling. The market was influenced by heaviness of grains and the Wall Street market.

Continued international uncertainties coupled with uneasiness over domestic labour situation, discouraged outside support with record breaking consumption figure having no effect on the market which closed quiet. The consumption figure is not received but distant months were weak with increased selling pressure.

Reports of killing frost over much of the cotton belt deter bears in view of large quantities still unginned with likelihood of damage to the quality and perhaps the quantity also.

Chicago grains down-turned sharply under the leadership of Soya beans reflecting a return of favourable weather with the likelihood of enlarged marketings. Finally short covering and replacement buying appeared. Wheat was barely steady under pressure of professional selling and failure of flour trade to improve.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened at a rise of 24 pts with March 16.45 and improved to 16.47 which was the highest level. Thereafter there was increased selling and March contract lost 21 pts and stood at 16.27, which was the lowest. The market closed at a net decline of 11 to 28 pts. Spot cotton prices were reduced 10 pts at 17.21c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy with increased selling and closed at a decline of 16 to 27 pts Spot cotton prices closed 10 pts lower at 16.39c per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 16.47+04 (10 a.m.); lowest 16.26—17 (1-2 p.m.).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market declined on hedge selling and long liquidation. Closed steady.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: November 12.

December	16.12—11
January	16.15—11
March	16.29—14
May	16.34—17
July	16.33—18
October	16.37—28
Middling Spot	17.21—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New Orleans: November 12.

December	16.14—16
January	16.18—16
March	16.32—18
May	16.41—18
July	16.40—21
October	16.50—27
Middling Spot	16.39—10

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: November 12.
Noon Call

December	16.20
March	16.39
May	16.46

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York: November 12.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports 42,000 bales

Cuticura

SOAP

Baby simply loves the caressing softness of its silky lather. It is soothing and cooling to hot, smarting skin.

FOR VELVET SKINS

The Mark Which denotes LALIMLI PURE WOOL FABRICS

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2nd DAY
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Harness Racing to the War Effort by giving the Bombay Races Your Unstinted Support!

One per cent. Tote Commission will be donated to the Bombay War Gifts Fund from the racing public and the R.W.I.T.C. will contribute an equal amount from its funds.

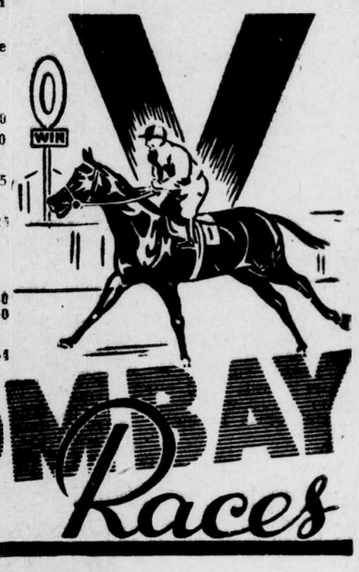
Prices of Admission inclusive of Entertainment Tax for Whole Season:—(Excluding Hospital Day).

Member	Rs.	50
Non-Member	Rs.	50
Lady Member	Rs.	25
Lady Non-Member	Rs.	25

ADMISSION:

1st ENCLOSURE:
Gentlemen Rs. 3-0
Ladies Rs. 2-0

2nd ENCLOSURE:
Rs. 1-4



BOMBAY Races

IF YOU WOULD GET RID OF ROUGH SKIN AND CHAPPED HANDS IN WINTER, TAKE TO A DAILY APPLICATION OF B. C. P. W.

Cold Cream of Roses

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Suppliers of Hospital Equipment in every branch including Sterilizing Equipment

Friday, November 14, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

PRESENT
DENABANK
5. 10. 20. 50. 100 AND 250 TOLAS
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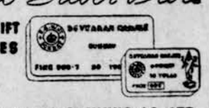
ENCOURAGES THRIFT

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Liberal M. P. Indicts War Policy

Labour Member Regrets Absence Of Reference To India And Burma In King's Speech

LONDON, Nov. 12.

A debate, which embraced many aspects of the conduct of war began in the Commons immediately after the reading of the King's speech opening the new session of Parliament.

The Soviet Ambassador, M Maisky, listened to the debate from the diplomatic gallery.

The first speaker, Captain Pilkington (Conservative) appeared in the Khaki uniform of the Coldstream Guards and referred to certain criticism about the Government which is heard to-day.

Moving the address in reply to King's speech, Capt. Pilkington declared that the British Dominions and those nations and peoples steadily growing to full partnership in the Commonwealth ideal, the United States, Russia, occupied countries, China, Egypt, Turkey, Arabs, Jew Persians would one day see in the Atlantic Charter definition of the rights and principles by which all nations shall live in peace and plenty together.

Viscount Fitzalan said, there were signs of a change of policy in Russia regarding religion. "Family life and marriage are accepted once more in Russia as proper institutions. We have no hesitation whatever in supporting the Soviet Government in the very gallant fight they make."

No Reference To Burma And India

Lord Addison (Labour) paid a special tribute to the "Heroism and endurance" of the Indian troops, "whose gallantry and courage in every place will be difficult to overestimate when the time comes for stories to be told." Lord Addison expressed disappointment that the King's speech made no reference to India and Burma.

"While we understand why this is so", he said, "I hope that notwithstanding the terrible anxieties of the war we shall not lose any opportunity of promoting better understanding of the free development of future, both in India and Burma and that we shall do everything we possibly can to allay the present unrest and get the active co-operation of many responsible party leaders in India, which at present is withheld."

Referring to China, Lord Addison said, "I take it that the remarkable statement of the Prime Minister on Monday signifies our resolution to continue facilitating supply to China by every means in our power."

Labour Assures All Efforts

Mr. Marshall (Labour) representing Sheffield, a great centre of steel industry, said that he had brought the following message from his division: "From the city's mighty furnaces forces and presses will come a continuing increasing volume of weapons of victory.

Referring to the industrial situation Mr. Marshall said, "The trade unions of this country cannot afford to have illusions about the issues in this war. They know what the new European order would mean to them." Mr. Marshall has spent 30 years in the steel industry.

Mr. Pethick Lawrence (Labour) said that Mr. Churchill had warned the country what might happen shortly in the Far East, and they therefore desired to be assured that everything possible was being done to help win the battle of Russia, which might well prove the turning point in the war between civilisation and barbarism. Mr. Lawrence also emphasised the necessity of getting rid of everything that could be described as "a waste of productive power."

Sir Percy Harris (Liberal) said that some factories were employing 85 per cent women. He expressed the belief that the next 12 months may be at least the prelude to victory.

The strength of the British Parliamentary system based on the traditional right to criticise the Government—was particularly demonstrated later when Mr. Churchill declared that if any members desire a debate on war effort they could have either one, two or three weeks for it and at the end they would be free to vote as they wished.

Mr. Churchill thus showed that he was aware of some of the criticism which has been voiced regarding war effort. But simultaneously he showed his confidence in the House of Commons and in the war situation.

Liberal Opposition To Govt. Policy

Sir Richard Acland (Liberal) who spoke after the Prime Minister during the Commons debate said, "I am opposed to the policy which is now being pursued by this Government, and I believe there are large numbers of people who are anxious and frustrate because they cannot concur in the total policy which is being pursued, and yet see no signs of any other policy even being expressed.

The total policy of the Government, though adequate to carrying through the next 12 months of war, will fail to see us through a long war, or to deal with the problems of reconstruction. Those who move with the great forces of the world can win wars and conclude lasting peace; those who do not, cannot.

This Government has no desire to move with the great forces of the world, but tends rather to struggle against them. The present struggle is the result of a complete breakdown of the existing order, an order in direct opposition to the teachings of Christ and based on individual self interest.

"Monarchic System" says Acland

We have now a mongrel system which has been called public control over private ownership, but which could be more properly described as private ownership over public control. In every effort that Government make they always stop short of the point at which it would be necessary to say goodbye to the old order.

The ministries of food and supply constantly receive reports from their own people that particular problems cannot be solved unless taken completely out of the realms of profit and loss, but those reports are all turned down. While tens of thousands of Russians are dying in our cause, and any of us may be called on to face death at any moment, we will not break with this system which has broken down.

"We" And "They"

The root cause of our difficulties is not ministerial incompetence but the endeavour to get maximum production from men who must have one eye on capital, the post-war capital value of the part which they control. It is in our interest to work good coal seams now, it is in their to conserve them.

It is our interest to share trade secrets, it is in theirs to keep them secret. It is in our interest that money and paper should not be wasted on advertising, it is in their to try to build up post-war goodwill with money which would otherwise be paid in the excess profits.

Enthusiasm, though considerable, is crabbed and confined by a picture of this country divided into 'We' and 'They'—'We', the great mass of usually more or less unwanted and 'They' the little group who some how succeed in striking it lucky, although the soldier may be back in the queue and the spitfire pilot is selling vacuum cleaners".

Mr. Hammersley, (Conservative) asserted that a further 25 per cent. of man-power in non-essential industries could be diverted to war work. Other speakers expressed satisfaction at the new spirit in the industry, and conservative Major Lyons disagreed with Sir Richard Acland but said that there was not sufficient mobilisation of resources of the Empire.

He begged the Prime Minister not to shut the door altogether on the formation of an Empire War Cabinet, consisting of a few chosen advisers representative of the whole British Empire, planning together to direct and control the war effort as a whole.

Lords Praise War Efforts In Colonies

A special tribute to the Empire contribution to the war effort was given in the House of Lords in opening the debate on the King's speech to-day by the Under-Secretary for Colonies, Lord Moyne.

He said that great expansion had taken place in African troops and tens of thousands of men of the African race now supplied power, not only for the infantry but for technical services, including heavy guns and tanks.

Paying a tribute to their achievements in Abyssinia, Eritrea and Somaliland, Lord Moyne said, "It is the same story throughout the Empire—Palestine, Cyprus, Malaya, Hongkong, Ceylon, Fiji, in Mauritius, Seychells, West Indies, and other dependencies—all have raised units according to their resources and needs".

Lending Colonial Funds

Great man-power resources available in the Colonial Empire already were also being used in constructive work of peace-time developments. He anticipated a progressive increase in the part played by local people in their own administration in contributing to the common stock of experience of colonial services as a whole.

"I have been able" Lord Moyne said, "To recruit, during the last few months to the colonial office in London two men of the African race. This is only a small beginning. I hope it will expand and continue" The colonial funds, lent to the British Government free of interest, would be available to those colonies after the war for reconstruction and development.

Need For Friendship With Russia

Field Marshal Lord Birdwood said, "The South African air force, the Australian air force and the R. A. F between them in recent months have accounted for 2,200 enemy planes in Libya for the sacrifice of 460 of their own."

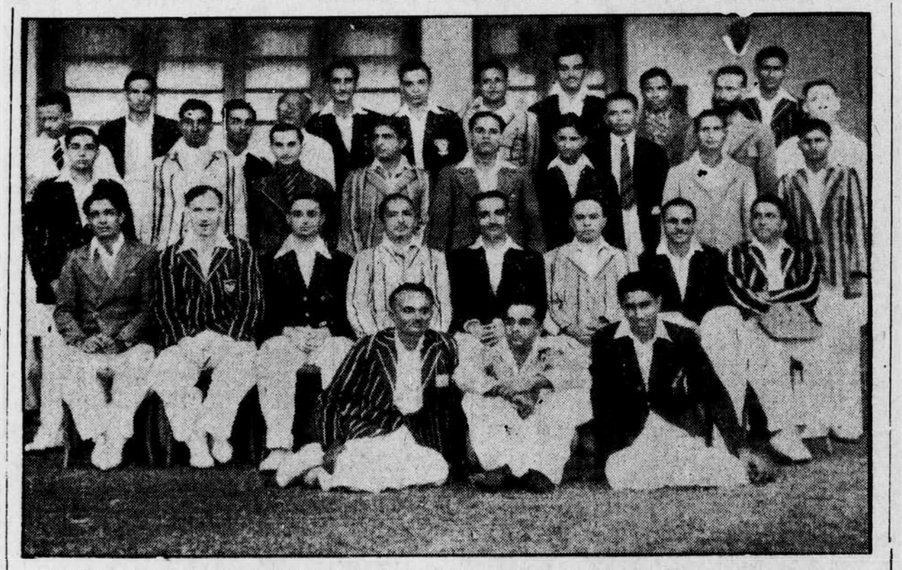
Many speakers emphasised the need for permanent friendship after the war between Russia and Britain. Viscount Fitzalan emphasised that Catholics were not only entitled but ought, from the Christian viewpoint, to support the Soviet Government in the present conflict.

They All Co-operate

"The great dominions and those nations and peoples steadily growing to full partnership in the Commonwealth ideal, are our allies. Russia, which has stubbornly defended herself, has shown that her way of life has strength and resilience, which may well make her one of the architects of the future.

America is sending supplies and safeguarding sea route. The states of Europe which have been overrun have representatives here, who tread with us the onward path. Turkey and Egypt in the Mediterranean are bulwarks of freedom and in the Middle East, Arabs, Jews and Persians align themselves with us against the Nazi aggressor. In the Far East China, under her gallant leader, resists the Japanese aggressors.

Her company as the Prime Minister says is goodly company. These are nations which one day may look back to the Atlantic Charter as we in this country look back to the great Charter and see in it the definition of those rights and principles, by which all nations shall come to live in peace and plenty together."—Reuter.



Combined group of the Bombay and Western India States teams which played in the Ranji Trophy match in Bombay.

ALLAMA MASHRAKI FASTING

Speaker Rules Out Adjournment

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

In the Assembly this morning the President ruled out Mr. Kazmi's adjournment motion to discuss the condition of Allama Mashraki who was reported to be fasting in jail.

The chair asked if it was a religious fast.

Mr. Kazmi reported that it was a fast undertaken in protest against the treatment meted out to him.

The chair asked what were the demands.

Mr. Kazmi said he understood that the demands covered 19 pages.

The chair:—I am not surprised he is fasting (Laughter).—A. P.

Kher Will Offer Satyagraha Again

"C. R." IN ALLAHABAD TO MEET CONGRESS PRESIDENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

POONA, Nov. 13.

News from Wardha confirms the report that Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay will offer Satyagraha in the first week of December.

It is learnt both Gandhiji and Sardar Patel advised Mr. Kher to report himself to the Provincial Congress Committee Chief, after attending to his family affairs, as early as possible.

Mr. L. M. Patil, ex-Minister, Local Self-Government, Bombay, whose sentence was commuted and who was released will also offer Satyagraha at about the same time.

Mr. D. K. Gosavi, President, Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, has been permitted by Mahatmaji to offer Satyagraha as soon as his successor has been selected.

Mr. V. K. Sathe, President, Poona District Congress Committee, was released from Yeravda jail this morning.

Hunger-Strike In Chunar Jail

BENARES, Nov. 12.

In consequence of the Government's failure to meet some of the demands of the political prisoners lodged in the Chunar Camp Jail, five among them are reported to have gone on hunger-strike on Nov. 10, according to a message published in the "Aj".

A batch of prisoners, it is stated, will join the hunger-strikers each week until their grievances are redressed. The Chunar Camp Jail now houses about 700 Satyagrahi prisoners.—A. P.

Hunger-Strike Given Up

KOLHAPUR, Nov. 13.

Hunger-striking convicts in Kolhapur Central Jail it is learnt have given up their hunger-strike yesterday.—A. P.

6 LIVES LOST IN HUNTZIGER TRAGEDY

VICHY, Nov. 13.

General Huntziger, Vichy War Minister was killed in a plane crash at Levigan, 50 miles from Nimes, it is officially announced. All other occupants of the plane were also killed.

Huntziger left Algiers this morning. Besides the General there were five occupants of the plane, including Jean Labusquiere, Huntziger's principal Secretary, and Captain De Royere, his orderly officer.

The other three victims were the pilot, the wireless operator and Huntziger's personal valet.—Reuter

4 KILLED IN POWDER PLANT EXPLOSION

PEORIA, Nov. 13.

At least four people are believed to have been killed in the western powder plant explosion.—Reuter.

'C. R.' IN ALLAHABAD

Permission To See Azad Sought

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 13.

Sjt. C. Rajagopalachari arrived here by the Delhi Express, at 11-35 a.m. Allahabad Students' Association gave him arousing reception at the Station.

Volunteers hoisted the National Flags all over the platform. A large crowd was present to have a darshan of the great leader.

Sjt. Rajagopalachariar was taken to Dr. Katju's house where he is staying.

U. P. Government it is reported, is telegraphically asked to give permission to Sjt. Rajagopalachari to see Maulana Azad, Congress President, in the jail here. The Government reply is anxiously awaited.

Leaving For Wardha This Evening

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 13.

Mr. Rajagopalachari who is here will leave for Wardha tomorrow evening. He called on Mrs. Vijaya Laxmi Pandit at Anand Bhawan, and is expected to address a gathering of students this evening, under the joint auspices of the Allahabad University Union and the Students' Association.

It is likely that Mr. Rajagopalachari may interview Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in the Naini Central Jail. When approached by pressmen Mr. Rajagopalachari declined to give any interview. He said he had no comments to make when he was shown the latest statement issued by Mahatma Gandhi from Wardha.

Mr. Shivanath Katju with whom Mr. Rajagopalachari is staying is giving a party in his honour, this evening.—A. P.

RELEASED UNCONDITIONALLY

LUCKNOW, Nov. 13.

Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, former Parliamentary Secretary, U. P. Government, who was detained in the Fategarh jail under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules was released unconditionally to-day.

Mr. Srivastava was in Lucknow on parole in connection with the serious illness of his mother and the order was conveyed to him by the Deputy Commissioner.—A. P.

Give Up Fast Yourself And Persuade Friends

WARDHA, Nov. 13.

Mahatma Gandhi has telegraphically requested Mr. Jaiprakash Narain in the Deoli detention camp to give up his hunger-strike it is learnt here.

It is also learnt that Mahatma Gandhi has asked Mr Jaiprakash Narain to persuade his friends also to give up the fast.

Mian Iftikharuddin is also expected to send a telegram to the Punjab prisoners now on hunger-strike.—A. P.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

I TURN THIS METAL POST AND THE WALL SLIDES BACK!
IT'S A VAULT, ALL RIGHT!
WHEN WE OPEN THIS WE'LL FIND PLENTY!
THEY'VE FOUND THE SECRET VAULT! ALL MY PLANS AND PAPERS!
GET BACK! THEY MUSTN'T SPOT US!
I THOUGHT I HEARD SOMEONE....
THERE IS NO ONE, GET BUSY! WE MUST OPEN THIS!
6-26
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